KC HARVEY

August 31, 2010

Ms. Kathy Brown Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality 510 Meadowview Drive Lander, WY 82520

Re: REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES EVALUATION - TRIBAL PAVILLION 24-3

Dear Ms. Brown:

EnCana Oil & Gas USA Inc. (EnCana) has prepared this REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES EVALUATION REPORT for the Tribal Pavillion (TP) 24-3 Voluntary Remediation Program (VRP) location. This report is divided into five generalized categories for each location including:

Project Background
Targeted Soil Remediation Activity
Groundwater Contaminant Distribution and Characterization
Groundwater Remedial Action Alternatives
Recommended Remedy

Please contact Mike Larson at (406) 585-7402 (ext. 14) or Andrea Taylor at (307) 857-4600 with any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Michael Larson Principal Scientist KC Harvey Environmental, LLC.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In 2006, EnCana voluntarily initiated site assessment work for the TP 24-3 natural gas well location where the historic use of unlined pits was identified. The facility was officially placed under the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Voluntary Remediation Program (VRP) following review of the first round of groundwater monitoring results in October, 2006. The site is currently owned by Pavillion Land Development LLC although a pending landowner change was scheduled to take place during the summer of 2010. EnCana actively operates the natural gas well.

Site assessment activities have included the installation and semi-annual monitoring of nine monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-9) and installation of 22 Geoprobe borings from which soil and/or groundwater total hydrocarbon concentrations were measured. These activities, along with review of a historic aerial photograph, indicated that hydrocarbon liquids had leaked from a single rectangular-shaped pit located south of the separators. Constituents of concern (COCs) being evaluated include diesel and gasoline range organics (DROs and GROs), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX compounds).

A targeted soil remediation source removal involved excavation of approximately 1,000 cubic yards of hydrocarbon impacted soil from the area exhibiting the most elevated hydrocarbon concentrations during assessment activities. Dimensions of the excavation were approximately 60 ft by 35 ft by 12 ft deep. The excavation was located immediately south of monitoring well MW-1 and north of monitoring well MW-2. Soil confirmation samples collected from the excavation walls and floor along with eight trenches dug to a depth of at least eight ft on the excavation perimeter provided confirmation of successful removal of the majority of the hydrocarbon targeted source area. A portion of impacted soil near MW-2 was not removed due to severe slumping of the pit wall which threatened worker safety and the integrity of the monitoring well.

Groundwater monitoring data show that a hydrocarbon plume persists down gradient of the excavated area. There is also evidence that residual hydrocarbons at the groundwater surface are seasonally re-mobilized and measured in samples collected from MW-7. No deleterious impacts have been measured at sentinel well MW-8 and no human receptors have been identified down gradient of the known source area for up to one mile. One unoccupied residence is located approximately 0.3 of a mile northwest of the location; however, the groundwater flow direction is to the southeast, which minimizes or eliminates the potential risk for this residence as a receptor.

EnCana proposes Monitored Natural Attenuation as the recommended groundwater remediation alternative to implement at TP 24-3 with Enhanced Monitored Natural Attenuation as a contingency alternative.

Based on the Wyoming DEQ's acceptance of this preferred remedy, EnCana will initiate specific tasks to collect data to be used to determine the status of microbial degradation of hydrocarbons. In addition, geochemical data will allow an evaluation of patterns of contaminant concentrations and natural attenuation indicator parameters. Following compilation and evaluation of the data, assessment findings will be reported at least semiannually to support the selection of this alternative. These data will also provide evidence for the primary mechanism for reducing contaminant concentrations and include an estimated timeframe for achieving the potential remediation objective. Further development of the TP 24-3 site conceptual model to support the MNA groundwater remediation alternative's effectiveness will also be a focus. A remedial action plan will be developed.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report describes the remedial alternatives evaluation for the Tribal Pavillion (TP) 24-3 location (Figure 1). The report presents summary information of all soil and groundwater data collected to date and provides relevant information for determining the best suited groundwater treatment option. In addition, the report contains a subsection describing groundwater sampling and analysis planned for future monitoring events at the site.

2.0 TP 24-3 BACKGROUND

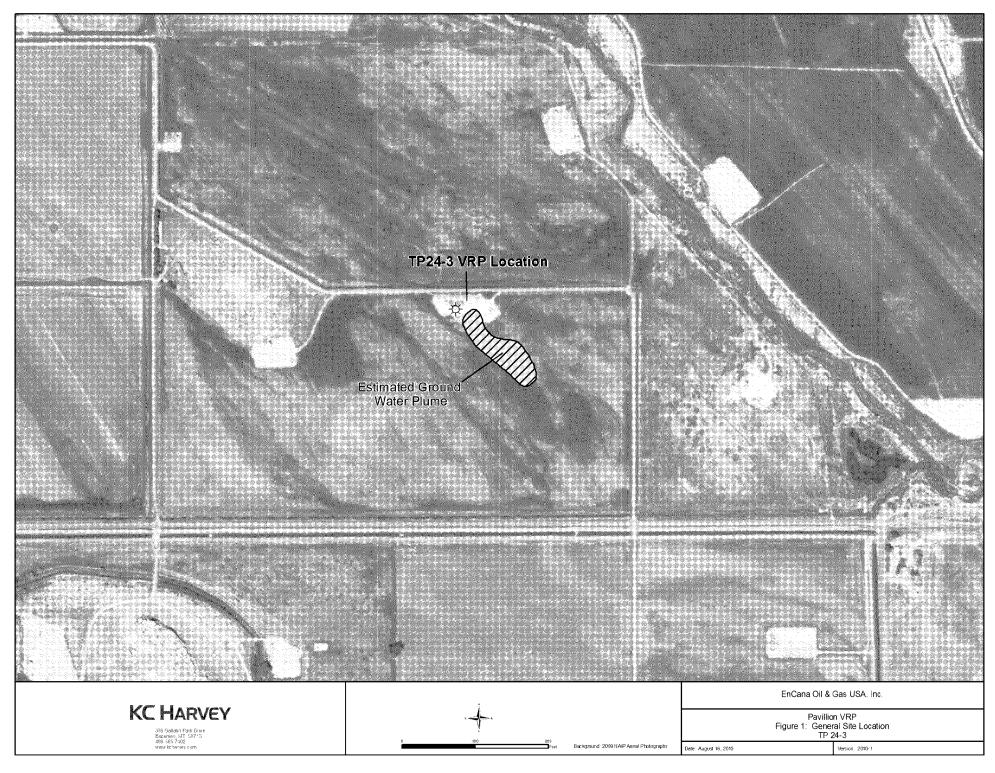
In 2006, EnCana voluntarily initiated site assessment work for the TP 24-3 facility location along with approximately thirty other Pavillion-area natural gas well locations where the historic use of unlined pits was identified. Hydrocarbon groundwater impacts were detected and attributed to a release that likely occurred over several years beginning in 1965 when the natural gas well was drilled. The pathway for hydrocarbon migration to groundwater likely consisted of an open pit subsurface release and subsequent vertically downward migration. In addition, site soils in the vicinity of the historic pit may have also been impacted with hydrocarbons during reclamation and regrading operations.

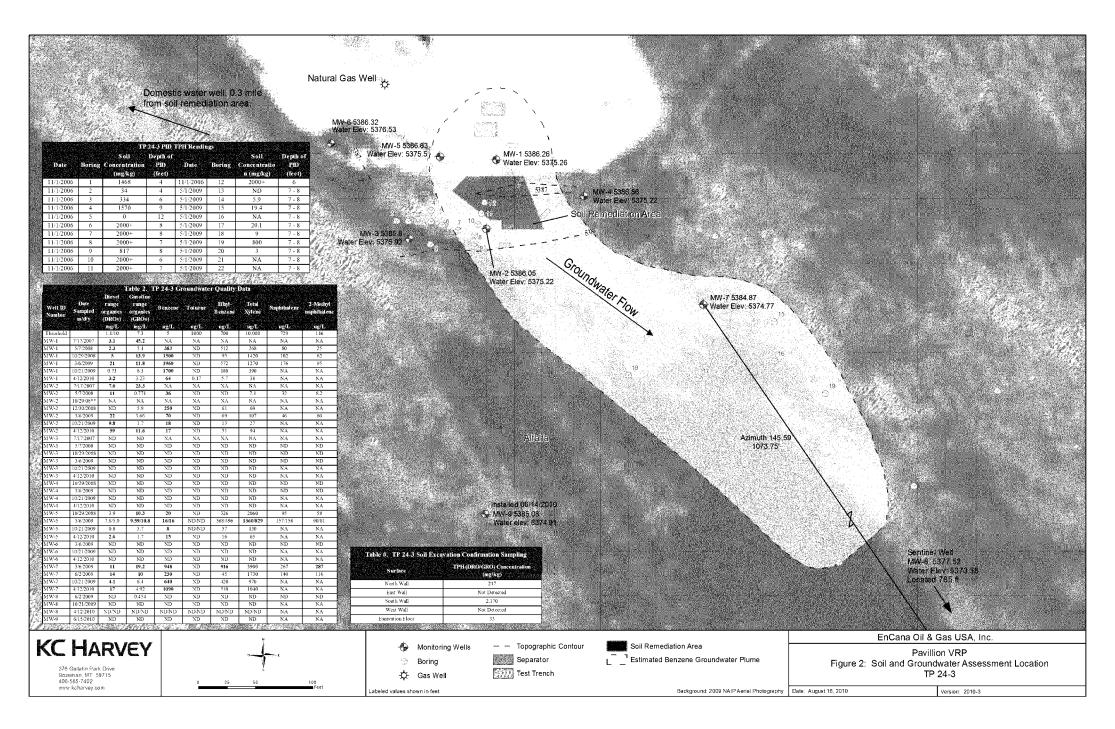
Based on the nature and extent of soil and groundwater petroleum hydrocarbons observed, the TP 24-3 facility was officially placed under the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Voluntary Remediation Program (VRP) following review of the first round of groundwater monitoring results in October, 2006. The data indicated that a groundwater volatile organic compound (VOC) plume was present on site.

Site assessment activities have included the installation of nine monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-9) to monitor and characterize groundwater (Figure 2). The main focus of the soil and groundwater data collection program was to determine the nature and extent of hydrocarbons for the TP 24-3 location.

2.1 Legal Description and Ownership

The TP 24-3 surface location (SW 1/4 of Section 3, Township 3N, Range 2E) is currently owned by Pavillion Land Development LLC with a pending landowner change. EnCana actively operates the natural gas well (Figure 1). Figure 2 illustrates a plan view of the TP 24-3 facility including natural gas well-related equipment, the targeted soil excavation area delineation, monitoring well locations, groundwater elevations, and the estimated groundwater flow direction.





2.2 Constituents of Concern

The primary source material for soil and groundwater contamination at this site is related to unlined pit storage of hydrocarbon liquids. Review of a historic aerial photograph prior to initial site assessment activities revealed a single rectangular-shaped pit footprint south of the separators. Hydrocarbon liquids contained in the pit likely consisted of some combination of drilling and separation fluids, produced water, and condensate.

As expected, soil assessment and remediation activities revealed that residual hydrocarbon source material was primarily found in the subsurface in the vicinity of the pit location where hydrocarbon liquids storage took place. The constituents of concern (COCs) being evaluated therefore include diesel and gasoline range organics (DROs and GROs), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX compounds). BTEX compounds are detectable in the GRO range and are biodegradable under both aerobic and anaerobic conditions. DROs are also biodegradable under both aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Both DROs and GROs continue to be assessed for regulatory compliance purposes.

2.3 Soil Characterization

Soil profiles were described at 12 locations during the 2006 Geoprobe borehole installation at TP-24-3. Additional profiles were described during the 2009 Geoprobe investigation when 10 boreholes were installed (Figure 2). Soils were described to the full depth of the borings which ranged from 12 to 20 feet in depth. The water table was intercepted in all borings and varied in depth from 7 to 10 feet below ground surface (bgs).

Topsoil at TP-24-3 generally consists of loamy sand to sandy loam textured soil typically 6 to 8 inches deep with areas of more shallow topsoil. Subsoil horizons are mainly comprised of brown loamy sand although a lens of clay loam was observed in the 1-to-7 foot depth increment in one boring. Soil structure is generally subangular blocky in the upper horizons to a depths of about 1.5 to 4 feet with massive structure below. No coarse fragments were observed throughout the profile in any boring. Besides increased moisture content, soils below the water table did not appear to differ from those above. The upper depth increments where hydrocarbons were first encountered varied between about 5 to 8 feet. The deepest extent of observed hydrocarbons was about 15 feet, although in some borings the thickness of hydrocarbon staining was less than a couple feet or absent altogether.

Table 1 presents photoionization detector (PID) readings for Geoprobe borings installed in 2006 and 2009 as well as data for groundwater samples collected from eight of the borings installed in 2009.

2.4 Soil Remediation Effort

The targeted soil remediation source removal involved excavation of approximately 1,000 cubic yards of hydrocarbon impacted soil in a polygon-shaped area centered about 60 ft south of the separators (Figure 2). This specific area was targeted because it exhibited the most elevated hydrocarbon readings during the geoprobe and trenching assessment, and also in previous groundwater monitoring results for monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-2. The TP 24-3 aerial image showing the historic pit location was also referenced prior to excavation activities.

Table 1. TP 24-3 PID Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Readings

Date	Boring	Soil Concentration	GRO ¹ – Water	Water	Depth of PID (ft)
*****	44404	(mg/kg)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	*****
11/1/2006	1	1468	NA	NA	4
11/1/2006	2	34	NA	NA	4
11/1/2006	3	334	NA	NA	6
11/1/2006	4	1570	NA	NA	9
11/1/2006	5	0	NA	NA	12
11/1/2006	6	2000+	NA	NA	8
11/1/2006	7	2000+	NA	NA	8
11/1/2006	8	2000+	NA	NA	7
11/1/2006	9	817	NA	NA	8
11/1/2006	10	2000+	NA	NA	6
11/1/2006	11	2000+	NA	NA	7
11/1/2006	12	2000+	NA	NA	6
5/1/2009	13	ND	ND	ND	7 - 8
5/1/2009	14	5.9	ND	15	7 - 8
5/1/2009	15	19.4	ND	7.5	7 - 8
5/1/2009	16	NA	NA	NA	7 - 8
5/1/2009	17	20.1	ND	16	7 - 8
5/1/2009	18	9	ND	27	7 - 8
5/1/2009	19	800	NA	NA	7 - 8
5/1/2009	20	3	ND	ND	7 - 8
5/1/2009	21	NA	ND	ND	7 - 8
5/1/2009	22	NA	ND	ND	7 - 8

¹GRO = Gasoline Range Organics

Dimensions of the excavation were approximately 60 ft by 35 ft by 12 ft deep. The excavation was located immediately south of monitoring well MW-1 and north of monitoring well MW-2. In addition, eight trenches were dug to a depth of at least eight ft on the excavation perimeter to provide lateral confirmation of successful removal of the hydrocarbon targeted source area (Figure 2).

2.5 Nature and Distribution of Hydrocarbon Impact in Soil

Once impacted soil was excavated, confirmation composite soil sampling was performed on each wall and the floor of the excavation "footprint" to confirm representative concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons DROs and GROs. Each composite sample consisted of 5-8 subsamples representing each of the five surface areas. The samples were compared to soil cleanup level goals of <1,000 mg/kg in accordance with the Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission (WYOGCC) risk-based pit closure guidance.

All surfaces met the 1,000 mg/kg cleanup goal except for the south wall (3,170 mg/kg) (Table 2). Excavation of the south wall was limited due to geotechnical instability which caused dangerous, frequent, and unpredictable sloughing of the pit wall. This sloughing posed hazards to worker safety and threatened to compromise the integrity of monitoring well MW-2 and other utilities that were located and marked prior to excavation. Due to these conditions and the fact

²DRO = Diesel Range Organics

that the majority of total source material had been removed during excavation of the primary pit area, it was decided to cease excavation activities within 12 ft of monitoring well MW-2.

Table 2. TP 24-3 Soil Excavation Confirmation Sampling

	TPH (DRO/GRO) Concentration (mg/kg)
North Wall	247
East Wall	Not Detected
South Wall	3,170
West Wall	Not Detected
Excavation Floor	33

2.6 Monitoring Well Network

The current well network at the site consists of nine total wells including MW-1 through MW-9 as shown in Figure 2. Monitoring well MW-9, located 250 ft south of monitoring well MW-2, was installed most recently on June 15, 2010. This network of monitoring wells, installed in four separate time intervals, allowed definition and tracking of potential migration of the hydrocarbon groundwater plume at TP-24-3. Monitoring wells MW-1, -2, and -3 were installed north, south, and southwest of the historic pit footprint. Monitoring wells MW-4, -5, -6, and -7 were installed after the completion of soil excavation/remediation activities in an effort to further delineate the extent of the hydrocarbon groundwater plume. Wells installed during this phase are located somewhat more distant from the excavated area with MW-6 and -7 being about 150 and 200 feet to the northwest and southeast, respectively.

Groundwater samples collected from MW-7 indicated that this well was located inside the contaminant plume. This observation triggered the installation of an eighth monitoring well (MW-8) in June 2009. MW-8 was installed as a sentinel well about 1,000 feet southeast of MW-7 to confirm that the hydrocarbon plume had not migrated beyond the field entrance.

The fourth and final phase of well installation occurred in June 2010 with the installation of MW-9. This well is located about 250 feet south of the excavation footprint in an area thought to be southwest of and outside the hydrocarbon plume. This well was installed to evaluate whether the southwestern edge of the plume extends further westward than believed based on existing groundwater quality and flow direction data.

2.7 Monitoring Well Sampling

Monitoring wells are sampled upon completion and then twice per year; in the spring time, typically between March and May, and a fall sampling event in October. Groundwater samples collected from the TP-24-3 monitoring wells are analyzed for DRO, GRO, BTEX, naphthalene, and 2-methylnaphthalene. Monitoring has been performed six times for monitoring wells MW-1, -2, and -3, four times for MW-4, -5, and -7, three times for MW-6, -7 and -8, and once for MW-9. Following data review of hydrocarbon contaminant distribution in 2008 and 2009, the primary data gap identified was lack of southeast and southwest west delineation of the groundwater hydrocarbon plume. Identification of these groundwater contamination distribution data gaps has resulted in installation of monitoring wells MW-4 through MW-9, as discussed above in Section 2.6.

Sampling results for all sampling events and all monitoring wells are presented in Table 3 (inset to Figure 2).

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2.8 Hydrogeology

Drill logs from the project site indicate that the sandy loam surface soil is underlain by a 10 to 20 ft thick layer of alluvial/sandstone sedimentary bedrock. This is consistent with general aquifer descriptions provided for the Tribal Pavilion area by USGS (2005) that report shallow local aquifers consisting of alluvial, colluvial, terrace, pediment, landslide, glacial, and travertine deposits. These aquifers are generally less than 50 feet thick but can be as thick as 200 feet. Water yields from these aquifers range from 2 to 60 gpm and with total dissolved solids concentrations that range from 109 to 4,630 mg/L.

Local aquifers in the Pavillion area are underlain by the Tertiary Wind River Formation. In places, local aquifers are separated from the Wind River Formation by leaky confining layers of the Wiggins, Tepee Trail, and Aycross formations.

2.8.1 Groundwater Flow Direction

Groundwater elevations measured during monitoring events have shown groundwater moves in a predominantly southeast direction, although one groundwater elevation monitoring event performed in May 2008 indicated a lesser flow component in the west direction.

2.8.2 Groundwater Velocity

The horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Kr) of an aquifer can be estimated based on data collected during slug tests of a monitoring well. During a slug test, water is rapidly added to or removed from a monitoring well and the subsequent change in water level is monitored regularly during the time it takes for the water level to re-equilibrate to a static level. Curves of the water level/head change over time, along with parameters describing the well (i.e. radius, screened length, etc), and the saturated thickness of the aquifer are then used in calculations to arrive at an estimate of Kr (i.e., groundwater velocity).

Slug testing of monitoring well MW-5 at TP-24-3 was conducted in November 2009 (Trihydro 2009). Raw data from the slug test were input into the aquifer test software Aqtesolv to calculate Kr using two different methods; 1) the Bouwer-Rice (1976) method and 2) KGS (Butler 1998) method. The two methods differ mainly in the way each matches a curved or straight line to measured slug test data.

Both methods arrived at the same value for Kr, 0.08 ft/day. This value is at the lower end of the average range for both unconsolidated silt (0.00028 and 5.6 ft/day) and fine sand (0.056 and 56 ft/day) reported by Domenico and Schwartz (1990) as would be expected considering the sandy loam soils that were described for this site during well installation and Geoprobe boring investigations.

2.9 Groundwater Hydrocarbon Concentrations

Summary statistics have been calculated for MW-1, MW-2, MW-5, and MW-7; the four monitoring wells where COCs are routinely detected (Table 3). COCs have not been detected in monitoring wells MW-3, MW-4, MW-6, or MW-9 and only one low-level GRO detection has occurred at MW-8 (Table 3).

The highest concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons at the site are observed in monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-7 although concentrations at MW-1 generally appear to be decreasing while increases are observed at MW-7, based on recent sampling data.

Benzene was observed at concentrations equal to or greater than 250 ug/L at monitoring well MW-2 once in 2008 while such concentrations are consistently measured at MW-7, located approximately 225 ft southeast of monitoring well MW-2. Benzene concentrations at MW-1 peaked at a maximum value of 1,960 ug/L in March 2009 followed by a sharp decrease to 64 ug/L measured in April 2010. Benzene concentrations at MW-2 and MW-5 have also displayed decreases from maximum values measured in fall 2008 (250 to 17 ug/L and 20 to 15 ug/L, respectively). Benzene concentrations at MW-7 have increased steadily from June 2009 (230 ug/L) through the most recent monitoring event in April 2010 (1,090 ug/L).

Benzene concentrations measured at MW-1, MW-2, and MW-7 increased for a varying amount of time following excavation activities. The mechanism for an increase in petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations following targeted source removal has not been identified. However, it is noted that targeted impacted soil removal was limited to within a distance of approximately 12 ft of existing utilities and monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-2 locations.

As described in Section 3.3, groundwater samples were also collected from Geoprobe boreholes with obvious visible staining found along a narrow elliptical shaped area extending southeast from the MW-7 monitoring well location (Figure 2). Specific Geoprobe boreholes (#15, #16, and #19) revealed an obvious hydrocarbon stained smear zone in the upper most saturated zone composed of a gravelly loamy sand layer present at a depth of 6-8 ft below ground surface. Out of eight groundwater samples collected from Geoprobe boreholes for analysis of total petroleum hydrocarbon GROs and DROs, four samples exhibited positive detections in the DRO hydrocarbon range while the GRO range was not detectable. The highest DRO concentration of 27 mg/L was detected at boring #18 followed in order by borings #17 (16 mg/L) and #14 (15 mg/L).

Table 3. TP 24-3 Groundwater Quality Data Summary

		Date Sampled	DRO ¹	GRO ²	Benzene	Toluene				2-Methyl- naphthalene
****	4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4 m/	m/d/y	mg/L	mg/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	mg/L	mg/L
		Threshold 3	1.1/10	7.3	5	1000	700	10,000	729	146
		7/17/2007	3.1	45.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		5/7/2008	2.3	5.1	383	0	512	268	80	25
	Data	10/29/2008	5	13.9	1500	0	93	1420	102	62
		3/6/2009	21	11.8	1960	0	572	1270	176	95
		10/21/2009	0.73	6.3	1700	0	180	390	NA	NA
MW-1		4/12/2010	3.2	3.23	64	0.17	5.7	38	NA	NA
		Minimum	0.7	3.2	64.0	0.0	5.7	38.0	80.0	25.0
		Maximum	21.0	45.2	1960.0	0.2	572.0	1420.0	176.0	95.0
	Summary	Mean	5.9	14.3	1121.4	0.0	272.5	677.2	119.3	60.7
	Statistics	Mean (Fall)	2.9	10.1	1600.0		136.5	905.0	102.0	62.0
		Mean (Spring)	7.4	16.3	802.3	0.1	363.2	525.3	128.0	60.0

D.R.O. = Diesel Range Organics

² G.R.O. = Gasoline Range Organics

³ Threshold for DROs assumed to be 1.1 mg/L

⁴ Well damaged during backfilling operations; no sample collected.

Averages of natural and duplicate sample data used in calculations when available. Non-detect values reported as zeros and calculated as such in summary statistics.

Table 3 (continued). TP 24-3 Groundwater Quality Data Summary

10.5		Date			dailty Dat	7.747	Ethyl-	Total	Naph-	2-Methyl-
444	****	Sampled	DRO 1	GRO f	Benzene	Toluene		\$55 COXEC SERVICES (SE		naphthalene
111		m/d/y	mg/L	mg/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	mg/L	mg/L
71,000km, 700km, 100km,		Threshold	1.1/10	7.3	5	1000	700	10,000	729	146
		7/17/2007	7.6	23.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		5/7/2008	11	1.8	36	0	0	7.1	32	8.2
	Data	10/29/08 ⁴	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Data	12/30/2008	0	5.9	250	0	61	69	NA	NA
		3/6/2009	22	3.7	70	0	69	107	46	80
MW-2		10/21/2009	9.8	1.7	18	0	13	27	NA	NA
		4/12/2010	59	11.6	17	0	31	94	NA	NA
		Minimum	0.0	1.7	17.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	32.0	8.2
		Maximum	59.0	23.3	250.0	0.0	69.0	107.0	46.0	80.0
	Summary	Mean	18.2	8.0	78.2		34.8	60.8	39.0	44.1
	Statistics	Mean (Fall)	4.9	3.8	134.0		37.0	48.0		
		Mean	24.9	10.1	41.0		33.3	69.4	39.0	44.1
		(Spring)			****	4444				****
COCONEO CONTRO CONTRO	8. 1166 1986 1986 1986 1986 1	Threshold	1.1/10	7.3	5	1000	700	10,000	729	146
	Data	10/29/2008	3.9	10.3	20	0	326	2060	95	58
		3/6/2009	6.3	10.2	16	0	532.0	1094.5	156.5	85.5
		10/21/2009	0.8	3.7	8	0	57	130	NA	NA
		4/12/2010	2.6	1.7	15	ND	16	65	NA	NA
MW-5	5	Minimum	0.8	1.7	8.0	0.0	16.0	65.0	95.0	58.0
		Maximum	6.3	10.3	20.0	0.0	532.0	2060.0	156.5	85.5
	Summary	Mean	3.4	6.5	14.8		232.8	837.4	125.8	71.8
	Statistics	Mean (Fall)	2.4	7.0	14.0		191.5	1095.0	95.0	58.0
		Mean (Spring)	4.5	5.9	15.5		274.0	579.8		
	*****		A. A. S. A. S.	Landa Albanda	Laabab	***				1.6644464
		Threshold	1.1/10	7.3	5	1000	700	10,000	729	146
		3/6/2009	11	19.2	948	0	916	3900	267	287
	Data	6/2/2009	14	10.0	230	0	45	1730	140	116
		10/21/2009	4.1	6.4	640	0	420	970	NA	NA
NAVA/ 7		4/12/2010	17	4.92	1090	0	510	1040	NA	NA
MW-7		Minimum	4.1	4.9	230.0	0.0	45.0	970.0	140.0	116.0
		Maximum	17.0	19.2	1090.0	0.0	916.0	3900.0	267.0	287.0
	Summary Statistics	Mean	11.5	10.1	727.0	0.0	472.8	1910.0	203.5	201.5
	- C.C.131103	Mean (Fall)	4.1	6.4	640.0	0.0	420.0	970.0	NA	NA
		Mean (Spring) el Range Orga	14.0	11.4	756.0	0.0	490.3	2223.3	203.5	201.5

¹ D.R.O. = Diesel Range Organics ² G.R.O. = Gasoline Range Organics

Threshold for DROs assumed to be 1.1 mg/L
Well damaged during backfilling operations; no sample collected.

Averages of natural and duplicate sample data used in calculations when available.

Non-detect values reported as zeros and calculated as such in summary statistics.

The estimated plume contour map shown in Figure 2 is primarily based on analytical results from monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-9 although groundwater results obtained from the Geoprobe assessment were also considered. Geoprobe boring groundwater and soil monitoring summary results are shown in Table 1. Actual laboratory data from the most recent sampling event is provided in Attachment 1.

2.10 Groundwater Characterization

The east/southeast groundwater flow direction and non-detect benzene concentrations observed at monitoring well MW-4 may indicate a residual source of hydrocarbons is contributing to impacts exhibited at monitoring well MW-7. This source is likely a "smear zone" influenced by a shallow (less than 10 ft bgs) alluvial gravel layer. The alluvial gravel layer would have contributed to increased mobility and transport of hydrocarbons from the unlined pit area prior to soil remediation activities. These transported hydrocarbons would then have adsorbed to less porous aquifer materials near the surface of the water table where they are subsequently exposed to periodic remobilization due to fluctuating seasonal groundwater levels.

The presence of such an impacted alluvial zone was confirmed during the Geoprobe investigation based on borings #15, #16, #17, and #19 which revealed obvious staining and hydrocarbon odors. Conversely, hydrocarbon staining or odor was not noted in the unsaturated zone in the upper soil profile. Soil samples were collected at seven locations where visible soil staining was observed at the depth where groundwater was encountered (Table 1).

Based on the groundwater plume map, the width of the hydrocarbon groundwater impacts where groundwater hydrocarbon concentrations exceed regulatory thresholds is estimated to be approximately 520 ft long by 160 ft wide (Figure 2). The contour illustrates that the groundwater hydrocarbon plume extends southeast (down gradient) from the primary source area by about 400 ft although as the dissolved hydrocarbons move farther southeast from the source area, levels have decreased due to dispersion and dilution over time. Eventually the contaminant concentrations are reduced to acceptable concentrations so low that the risk to human and environmental health is minimal.

The unlined storage pit would have allowed the hydrocarbon liquids to flow primarily vertically under the influence of gravity, through the sandy loam textured soils, although to a lesser extent, capillary forces would have resulted in some lateral spreading. The dissolved-, vapor-, and adsorbed-phase soil hydrocarbon concentrations within and surrounding the soil source area have likely decreased over the years due to biodegradation processes.

Groundwater in the shallow aquifer occurs between about 9 ft to 11 ft bgs. With regard to groundwater, if sufficient volumes of hydrocarbon liquids released to the subsurface reached the shallow (less than 11 ft bgs) water table, a capillary fringe saturated with hydrocarbon product can form. Seasonal water table fluctuations, especially in this area where annual irrigation practices were historically practiced adjacent to the site, can cause the hydrocarbon product to create a smear zone immediately above and below the fluctuating water table mainly within or near the primary source area. Down gradient groundwater flow would then mix and transport the dissolved phase hydrocarbons toward the southeast. Eventually, at some point down gradient of the source area, the groundwater impacted with hydrocarbons will naturally attenuate through microbial degradation processes.

Figure 3 illustrates the trends in benzene concentrations detected in site monitoring wells versus time (i.e., 2-3 years). Hydrocarbon concentration trend analysis is a means of monitoring

progress. The plot shows the level of hydrocarbons since the initial site assessment phase and following the soil remediation effort that was performed in October 2008.

Five or more data points are generally regarded as the minimum for estimating temporal data trends. The fewer the number of data sets, the greater the potential for error. The benzene trend plot also provides an indication of outliers, or extreme observations, in the data. If there are, it is important to determine whether they reflect a real departure from the general trend.

This plot will ultimately provide an estimate of natural attenuation success and plume morphology over time. In addition, concentration data will eventually be plotted on a logarithmic scale against time on a linear scale to capture both large and small changes.

No human receptors have been identified down gradient of the known source area for up to one mile. One unoccupied residence is located approximately 0.3 of a mile northwest of the location; however, the groundwater flow direction is to the southeast, which minimizes the potential risk for this residence as a receptor.

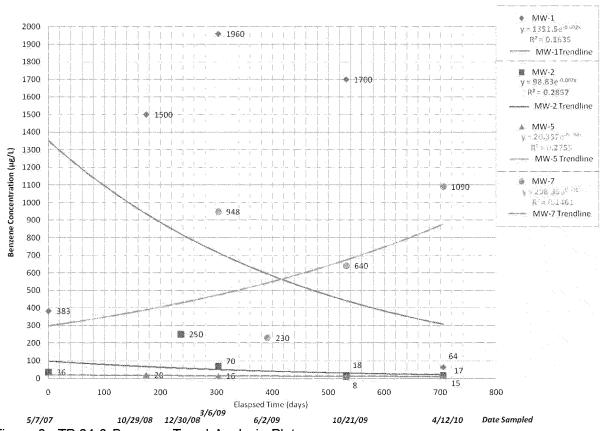


Figure 3. TP 24-3 Benzene Trend Analysis Plot

3.0 DEVELOPMENT OF REMEDIAL ACTION ALTERNATIVES

3.1 Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs)

Remedial action objectives for the TP-24-3 are as follows:

- Reduction of all groundwater COCs to levels at or below the cleanup levels described below within a reasonable time period; and
- Collection of sufficient monitoring data over time to demonstrate that remediation is effective and progressing at a reasonable rate and is not being hindered by on-going sources or unfavorable conditions.

Groundwater COCs were identified and associated cleanup levels for groundwater have been established for TP-24-3 (Tables 4 and 5). Groundwater cleanup levels for the site were selected from the VRP Soil and Groundwater Cleanup Level Tables in consideration of VRP Fact Sheet #12, Appendix: Cleanup Levels for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Soil and Groundwater and VRP Fact Sheet #13 Groundwater Cleanup Levels.

The selected groundwater cleanup levels meet the four threshold criteria established in the EQA W.S. 35-11-1605(a):

- Be protective of human health and the environment;
- Comply with applicable standards;
- Control the source(s) of release to reduce or eliminate, to the extent practicable, further releases of contaminants; and
- Comply with applicable standards for waste management.

Table 4. Groundwater Cleanup Levels for Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)

Product Parameter/Constituent	Cleanup Level (ug/L)
Benzene	5
Toluene	1,000
Ethylbenzene	700
Xylenes	10,000

Table 5. Groundwater Cleanup Levels for Petroleum Hydrocarbon Contamination

Product	Parameter/Constituent	Cleanup Level	
	TPH, GRO	7.3 mg/L ^a	
Gasoline	Naphthalene ^d	0.729 mg/L	
	2-Methylnaphthalene ^d	0.146 mg/L	
	TPH DRO [♭]	1.1 mg/L ^b	
Diesel/Crude Oil	TPH DRO°	or 10 mg/L ^c	
Diesel/Crade Oil	Naphthalene ^d	same as gasoline	
	2-Methylnaphthalene ^d	same as gasoline	

^a Cleanup level based on protection of groundwater for non-cancer effects during drinking water use (Drinking Water Equivalent Level (DWEL) equation, Chapter 17 Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations).

3.2 Remedial Action Alternatives

Recent groundwater data collection has been performed to develop a site conceptual model and evaluation of remedial options for the TP 24-3 location. Several data gaps were addressed to facilitate the selection and design of a groundwater remedy including the installation of monitoring well MW-9 to establish the southwestern groundwater plume boundary. The data collection program also included groundwater sampling and analyses of geochemical parameters and hydraulic well testing and data interpretation. In addition, to better understand site conditions, the following characteristics were evaluated:

Г	Soil characteristics;
С	Seasonal depth and flow direction of groundwater;
Γ	General properties of the aquifer including background water quality;
Γ	Location of hydrocarbon source areas relative to the overall site;
Г	Description and distribution of soil and groundwater hydrocarbons; and
	Estimated distance to human and ecological receptors.

In EnCana's opinion, the TP 24-3 groundwater remedy should be consistent with the level of risk associated with the known impacts. As such, the preferred remedial treatment of groundwater impacted by hydrocarbons at TP 24-3 is supplemented with the following components:

^b Cleanup level based on protection of groundwater for non-cancer effects during drinking water use (Drinking Water Equivalent Level equation, Chapter 17 Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations). This level is applicable when naphthalene and/or methylnaphthalenes along with the other chemicals of concern are detected in groundwater above Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)/Wyoming Drinking Water Equivalent Level (DWEL) (assuming that reporting limits are adequate in comparison to cleanup levels) OR when there is free product present on the groundwater table.

^c Cleanup level based on Chapter 4 and Chapter 17, Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations. This level is applicable when naphthalene and/or 2-Methylnaphthalene along with the other chemicals of concern are below MCL/DWEL concentrations in groundwater AND no free product is present on the groundwater table.

^d These constituents are required for confirmation sampling on a site specific basis as described in Section 4 of VRP Fact Sheet #12, Appendix: Cleanup Levels for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)

^{*}If naphthalene and BTEX concentrations are below the cleanup levels and free product is not present on the groundwater table, then TPH-GRO plus TPH-DRO must be equal to or less than 10 mg/L (action level).

Hydrocarbon releases have been controlled and there are no known continuing releases;
Targeted source removal of approximately 1,000 cubic yards of contaminated soil was completed in October 2008;
The extent of the hydrocarbon plume is well defined based on the monitoring well network and overall groundwater aquifer hydraulic characteristics; and
There are no down gradient receptors within approximately one mile of the TP 24-3 location.

To support the selection of the preferred groundwater remedial options for the TP 24-3, two general approaches are described below for purposes of comparison including (i) source removal with monitored natural attenuation (MNA) or enhanced MNA (EMNA) and (ii) source removal with in situ chemical oxidation.

3.3 Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA)

Natural attenuation, or the reduction of mass, toxicity, mobility, volume, flux or concentrations of contaminants in soil or groundwater without human intervention, occurs through a number of physical, chemical and/or biological process. The use of passive groundwater remediation options (e.g., MNA) is consistent with DEQ and USEPA's initiatives provided certain conditions are met as defined below:

"the reliance of natural attenuation processes (within the context of a carefully controlled and monitored site cleanup approach) to achieve site-specific remedial objectives within a time frame that is reasonable compare to that offered by other more active methods" (USEPA OSWER, 1997).

Natural attenuation, also commonly called biodegradation, of petroleum hydrocarbons (e.g., site compounds such BTEX compounds) occurs through their use by microorganisms as primary sources of carbon and energy. The degradation of petroleum hydrocarbons occurs most effectively under aerobic (oxygen reducing) conditions. However, biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbons under anaerobic conditions may also be effective in degrading the total mass (Wiedemeier & Pound, 1998). Attenuation also occurs through dilution/dispersion, which in many cases is the primary mechanism for natural attenuation at a site. These physical processes of natural attenuation reduce concentrations when finite amounts of mass of contaminants migrate into an ever increasing volume of groundwater (dilution) or as contaminants are spread into groundwater by chemical diffusion (movement due to concentration gradients) and dispersion (Wiedemeier & Pound, 1998).

3.4 Enhanced Monitored Natural Attenuation (EMNA)

The distinction between MNA and EMNA is that MNA involves demonstrating that natural attenuation processes are resulting in the mass loss of hydrocarbons in the groundwater and therefore decreasing the aerial distribution of the plume. In comparison, EMNA involves enhancing existing rates of mass removal of hydrocarbons by amending groundwater with nutrients (e.g., sulfate) to increase the rate and extent of microbial degradation processes. For example, groundwater with elevated sulfate concentrations can be introduced to specific monitoring wells as an electron acceptor to support the anaerobic oxidation of hydrocarbons in groundwater.

3.5 Chemical Oxidation

In situ chemical oxidation involves the delivery of chemical oxidants to hydrocarbon-impacted groundwater where oxidation reactions can cause carbon-to-carbon bonds within the hydrocarbon molecules to be broken. These reactions convert hydrocarbons to innocuous compounds such as carbon dioxide and water.

A number of oxidizing reagents are available for use in remediation projects (e.g. permanganate KMn_4 , sodium persulfate $Na_2S_2O_8$, ozone O_3 , hydrogen peroxide H_2O_2 , Fenton's Reagent, etc). Each oxidant must be evaluated for effectiveness and feasibility prior to use during remediation projects. For instance, permanganate is unable to oxidize benzene while Fenton's Reagent may be ineffective in carbonate-rich aquifers. Because of oxidant-specific and site-specific factors discussed below, the ultimate feasibility of a chemical oxidation remediation program is usually evaluated using bench- or field-scale pilot studies.

The effectiveness of chemical oxidation to reduce hydrocarbon concentrations is influenced by a number of site-specific factors. Oxidation reactions are non-specific and a portion of chemical oxidants will be consumed through oxidation of naturally occurring organic matter, reduced mineral species, or overcoming other reducing chemical conditions within an aquifer. In these settings, increased amounts of chemical oxidants are needed to overcome the natural "oxidant demand" while degrading the target contaminant.

Some chemical oxidants, such as Fenton's Reagent, owe some or all of their effectiveness to the generation of hydroxyl ions (OH-) as an intermediate step to oxidizing hydrocarbons. In carbonate-rich (i.e. high alkalinity) environments similar to the TP 24-3 conditions, hydroxyl ions are scavenged by carbonate ions before degradation of hydrocarbon contaminants can occur. In contrast, oxidation by permanganate is generally enhanced in high-carbonate settings.

Soil and aquifer permeability must also be evaluated to determine the feasibility of a chemical oxidation remediation strategy. In low permeability environments oxidants may be inactivated before reaching the hydrocarbons targeted for remediation.

A number of health and safety factors need to be considered when evaluating the feasibility of chemical oxidation for groundwater remediation programs. One concern in the Tribal Pavillion area is the presence of underground utilities that are often within the boundary of contaminant plumes. Some chemical oxidants such as persulfate and peroxide can be corrosive and may present a hazard to underground pipelines. Oxidant delivery methods may involve extremely high pressures and, in some cases (e.g. when using peroxide or Fenton's Reagent), may result in highly exothermic conditions and generation of explosive gases that could pose hazards to pipelines and other underground utilities.

The interaction between chemical oxidants and geologic materials must be considered where down gradient receptors are sensitive to increased inorganic constituent concentrations in groundwater. Many naturally occurring elements (i.e. arsenic, iron, chromium, copper, selenium) become more soluble under oxidized conditions and can be mobilized into groundwater at concentrations above applicable water quality standards. Potassium permanganate and sodium permanganate, two common chemical oxidants, often contain arsenic, chromium, and lead as impurities.

Oxidation reactions may also dissolve or remobilize hydrocarbons that were previously immobilized through sorption to the aquifer matrix.

Additional concerns include worker health and safety during transport and handling of the chemical oxidants. High implementation costs are also a drawback with \$200,000 being a fairly typical cost for relatively small sites (e.g. 100' x 100' site with a leaking UST) and costs in excess of \$1 million are not unheard of.

Chemical oxidation-based remediation projects are considerably more complex than monitored natural attenuation (MNA) and enhanced monitored natural attenuation (EMNA) projects. Implementation of any of these strategies requires monitoring of groundwater conditions, reporting, and permitting activities. However, chemical oxidation requires additional inputs of chemical oxidants and associated infrastructure (e.g. injection wells, storages tanks) which can be costly and burdensome from transport and health and safety standpoints. Unlike chemical oxidation, MNA and EMNA pose no hazards to underground utilities and do not require additional pilot-scale studies or delays related to identifying suitable reactants.

3.6 Evaluation of Remedial Action Alternatives

The three potential remedial actions presented in this report (i.e. monitored natural attenuation, enhanced monitored natural attenuation, and chemical oxidation) were evaluated with respect to the four standards presented in VRP Fact Sheet #21. All remedies under the voluntary remediation program must:

- Protect human health, safety, and the environment.
- Remediate contaminated air, soil, and water to attain applicable cleanup levels established under Federal or State law or regulation or to attain site-specific risk-based cleanup levels developed for the site in question.
- Control any sources of releases so as to reduce or eliminate, to the extent technically practicable, further releases as required to protect human health and the environment.
- Comply with any applicable standard for management of wastes generated as a consequence of the remedy.

Threats to human health, safety, and the environment attributable to the hydrocarbon plume at TP 24-3 are limited to the potential for contamination of downgradient private wells if the plume migrates off-site at concentrations that are harmful to human or livestock health. No such concentrations have been measured at sentinel well MW-8 indicating that the plume has not moved off-site.

If monitoring confirms that MNA or EMNA is effective at reducing or maintaining hydrocarbon concentrations within the perimeter of the current plume, and hydrocarbon concentrations at MW-8 remain at current non-detect levels, then either of these remediation alternatives would be effective at preventing threats to human health, safety, and the environment.

Chemical oxidation strategies could also be protective of human health, safety, and the environment as such strategies may offer active treatment of hydrocarbons, potentially reducing concentrations in a shorter time compared to MNA or EMNA processes. However, as discussed in Section 4.5, implementation of a chemical oxidation program could itself pose hazards to public health and safety. Of particular concern, if current non-detect hydrocarbon concentrations at monitoring well MW-8 are due to adsorption of hydrocarbons to the aquifer matrix, oxidation reactions may desorb the hydrocarbons resulting in greater mobilization of the plume and increased threats to down gradient receptors. Health and safety of workers and

nearby residents is also of concern if oxidation reactions compromise the integrity of underground gas lines or associated facilities.

The 2008 targeted soil excavation activities are believed to have removed the majority of hydrocarbon contaminated soil that was the source of contaminant loading to groundwater (Section 3.5) leaving in place only small isolated zones of impacted soil where excavation would not have been safe or effective. Therefore, with regard to item #3 above, control of the hydrocarbon source has already occurred and any additional remediation activities would be to treat residual impacts rather than further releases.

None of the three possible remediation alternatives would generate waste material other than perhaps containers used to store and transport chemical oxidants or any chemicals used for EMNA. In either case, all equipment and residual chemicals would be handled and disposed of using applicable approved methods.

Cost and ease of implementation are also considerations when evaluating remedial alternatives. All of the three alternatives would have similar monitoring, reporting, and permitting costs. However, chemical oxidation would additionally require substantial costs related to purchase and transport of chemicals, infrastructure (i.e. injection wells and/or related equipment), and trained manpower. A pilot study would also be required to evaluate the actual feasibility of a chemical oxidation program prior to full-scale implementation.

Chemical oxidation is not being recommended for use at the TP 24-3 site due to uncertainty surrounding the effectiveness and ease of implementation of such a program, the high cost, human health and safety risks, and the potential to increase the mobility of hydrocarbons in the aquifer. Instead, a MNA approach is recommended which could later be modified to an EMNA strategy if the need was suggested by monitoring data.

4.0 RECOMMENDED REMEDY

4.1 Monitored Natural Attenuation

EnCana proposes MNA as the recommended groundwater remediation alternative for TP 24-3 with EMNA as a contingency alternative. Based on the Wyoming DEQ's acceptance of this preferred remedy, EnCana will initiate specific tasks that support MNA as the selected site groundwater remedy. Examples of specific tasks include continuing collection of MNA – related chemical parameters to obtain groundwater conditions. The indicator parameters to be monitored include dissolved oxygen (DO), Oxygen-Reduction Potential (ORP), pH, alkalinity, nitrate, dissolved ferrous iron, manganese, sulfate, and methanogenesis. Results of this data will be used to determine the status of microbial degradation of hydrocarbons. In addition, obtaining groundwater elevation and geochemical data on a quarterly basis will allow a more thorough evaluation of patterns of contaminant concentrations and natural attenuation indicator parameters.

Following compilation and evaluation of the data, assessment findings will be reported at least semiannually to support the selection of this alternative. This data will also provide evidence for the primary mechanism for reducing contaminant concentrations and include an estimated timeframe for achieving the potential remediation objective. Further development of the TP 24-3 site conceptual model to support the MNA groundwater remediation alternative's effectiveness will also be a focus. A remedial action plan will be developed to describe controls associated with the remedy, a schedule, and other supporting information.

4.2 Recommended Monitoring and Analytical Methods Schedule 2010 - 2015

Table 6 provides a schedule for groundwater sampling events including the types of analysis for groundwater samples.

Table 6. Proposed Sampling Event Schedule and Suite of Analyses for TP-24-3.

Sampling Event		Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8260		Diesel Range Organics (DRO) by EPA Method 8015
October 2010	Х	X	Х	Х
January 2011	X	Х	Х	Х
April 2011	Х	X	Х	Х
August 2011	Х	Х	Х	Х
October 2011	Х	Х	Х	Х
January 2012	Х	Х	Х	Х
April 2012	Х	Х	Х	Х
August 2012	Х	Х	Х	Х
October 2012	X	Х	Х	Х
January 2013	Х	Х	Х	Х
April 2013	Х	Х	Х	Х
August 2013	Х	X	X	Х
October 2013	Х	X	Х	Х
January 2014	X	X	Х	Х
April 2014	Х	Х	Х	Х
August 2014	X	X	X	Х
October 2014	Х	Х	Х	Х
January 2015	Х	Х	Х	Х
April 2015	X	Х	X	Х
August 2015	Х	Х	Х	Х
October 2015	Х	Х	Х	Х

^{*}MNA geochemical parameters: alkalinity, total organic carbon, ammonia, Kjeldahl nitrogen, microbial electron acceptors (nitrate + nitrite and sulfate), total iron, total manganese, sulfide, and methane.

4.3 Recommended Points of Compliance

Based on the information gathered, EnCana will identify a subset of groundwater monitoring wells to identify points of compliance. At this time, we envision monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-7 as candidate wells for monitoring the success of the MNA remedy.

5.0 SUMMARY

Site assessment activities conducted by EnCana beginning in 2006 have identified a hydrocarbon groundwater plume at the TP 24-3 natural gas well location resulting from the historic use of unlined pits which leaked hydrocarbon liquids into the subsurface environment. A targeted remediation project followed whereby approximately 1,000 cubic yards of contaminated soil was excavated from the area beneath the pit footprint.

Recent groundwater monitoring data show that a hydrocarbon plume persists down gradient of the excavated area. There is also evidence that residual hydrocarbons at the groundwater surface are seasonally re-mobilized and measured in samples collected from MW-7. No

deleterious impacts have been measured at sentinel well MW-8 and no human receptors have been identified down gradient of the known source area for up to one mile.

EnCana proposes MNA as the recommended groundwater remediation alternative to implement at TP 24-3 with EMNA as a contingency alternative. Based on the Wyoming DEQ's acceptance of this preferred remedy, EnCana will initiate specific tasks to collect data to evaluate the effectiveness of the remediation alternative. Following compilation and evaluation of the data, assessment findings will be reported at least semiannually to support the selection of this alternative.

6.0 REFERENCES

Bouwer, H. and R.C. Rice. 1976. A slug test method for determining hydraulic conductivity of unconfined aquifers with completely or partially penetrating wells. Water Resources Research. Vol. 12, no. 3, pp. 443-428.

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Trihydro Corp. 2009. Memo to Mr. Mike Larson / EnCana Oil and Gas RE: Slug Test Results, EnCana Oil & Gas (USA), Inc. Pavillian VRP sites, Wind River Field, Wyoming. December 1, 2009.

USGS. 2005. Monitoring-Well Network and Sampling Design for Groundwater Quality, Wind River Indian Reservation Wyoming. Scientific Investigations Report 2005-5027.

Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality Voluntary Remediation Program Fact Sheets # 12. #13, and #21.

Attachment 1.

April and June 2010 Laboratory Analytical Results

KC HARVEY August 31, 2010



ANALYTICAL SUMMARY REPORT

April 30, 2010

Mike Larson

Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc

462 S Federal

Riverton, WY 82501-4732

Workorder No.: B10041458

Project Name: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Energy Laboratories Inc received the following 11 samples for Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc on 4/16/2010 for analysis.

Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Collect Date Receive Date	Matrix	Test
B10041458-001	TP 24-3 MW-1	04/14/10 13:00 04/16/10	Aqueous	DRO-Liquid-Liquid Extraction Diesel Range Organics, API Gasoline Range Organics 8260-Volatile Organic Compounds-Sho
B10041458-002	TP 24-3 MW-2	04/14/10 14:00 04/16/10	Aqueous	Same As Above
B10041458-003	TP 24-3 MW-3	04/14/10 13:20 04/16/10	Aqueous	Same As Above
B10041458-004	TP 24-3 MW-4	04/14/10 14:30 04/16/10	Aqueous	Same As Above
B10041458-005	TP 24-3 MW-5	04/14/10 12:30 04/16/10	Aqueous	Same As Above
B10041458-006	TP 24-3 MW-6	04/14/10 12:00 04/16/10	Aqueous	Same As Above
B10041458-007	TP 24-3 MW-7	04/14/10 15:00 04/16/10	Aqueous	Same As Above
B10041458-008	TP 24-3 MW-8A	04/14/10 15:45 04/16/10	Aqueous	Same As Above
B10041458-009	TP 24-3 MW-8B	04/14/10 15:50 04/16/10	Aqueous	Same As Above
B10041458-010	Trip Blank 1 Lot# 032910, B-TS, SHP0246	04/14/10 12:00 04/16/10	Trip Blank	8260-Volatile Organic Compounds-Sho
B10041458-011	Trip Blank 2 Lot# 033010, B-TS, SHP0246	04/14/10 14:00 04/16/10	Trip Blank	Same As Above

Any exceptions or problems with the analyses are noted in the Laboratory Analytical Report, the QA/QC Summary Report, or the Case Narrative.

The results as reported relate only to the item(s) submitted for testing.

If you have any questions regarding these test results, please call.

Report Approved By:



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-001 **Client Sample ID:** TP 24-3 MW-1

Report Date: 04/30/10

Collection Date: 04/14/10 13:00

DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Benzene	64	ug/L	E	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	5.7	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Toluene	0.17	ug/L	J	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj

Report

RL - Analyte reporting limit.

Definitions: QCL - Quality control limit.

E - Estimated value. Result exceeds the instrument upper quantitation limit.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level.

ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{J}}$ - Estimated value. The analyte was present but less than the reporting limit.



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-001 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-1

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 13:00

DateReceived: 04/16/10 Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	38	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
o-Xylene	0.15	ug/L	j	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	38	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	94.0	%REC		77-126		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	91.0	%REC		70-130		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	98.0	%REC		79-122		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	101	%REC		76-127		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:39 / jrj

⁻ E = Estimated value. The value was over the upper calibration range of the instrument but not above its linear range. The value was extrapolated from the calibration curve. Due to laboratory error, there was no additional sample available for dilution.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-VOLATILE

Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	3230	ug/L	200	SW8015M as	04/21/10 00:20 / bw
GRO as Gasoline	3230	ug/L	200	SW8015M as	04/21/10 00:20 / bw
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	4940	ug/L	200	SW8015M as	04/21/10 00:20 / bw
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	107	%REC	50-150	SW8015M as	04/21/10 00:20 / bw

- Note 1: Gasoline Range Organics(GRO) are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between 2-Methylpentane and 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene. Note 2: GRO as Gasoline is defined by the analyst as the portion of the GRO range that resembles gasoline.
- Note 3: Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon responses regardless of elution time.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-SEMI-VOLATILE

Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	3.2	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 14:20 / mdw
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 14:20 / mdw
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	4.7	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 14:20 / mdw
Surr: o-Terphenyl	51.0	%REC	50-150	SW8015M as	04/21/10 14:20 / mdw

- Note 1: Diesel Range Organics are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between C10 and C28.
- Note 2: Diesel Range Organics as Diesel are defined by the analyst as the portion of the chromatogram between C10 and C28 that resembles diesel fuel.

 Note 3: Total Extractable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon response regardless of elution time.

Report Definitions: RL - Analyte reporting limit.

QCL - Quality control limit.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level.

J - Estimated value. The analyte was present but less than

the reporting limit.

ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.

⁻ The sample was received in the laboratory with a pH > 2. The pH was 6.



Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Client: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP) Project:

Lab ID: B10041458-002 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-2

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 14:00 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Benzene	17	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	31	ug/L		10		SW8260B	04/28/10 14:18 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Toluene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		=		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
	ND	ug/L					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-002 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-2

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 14:00 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
Analyses	resur	Offics	Qualifiers NL	- QUL	mealou	Analysis Bate 7 By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	;					
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	86	ug/L	10		SW8260B	04/28/10 14:18 / jrj
o-Xylene	7.9	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	94	ug/L	10		SW8260B	04/28/10 14:18 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	99.0	%REC	77-12	6	SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98.0	%REC	70-13	0	SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	104	%REC	79-12	2	SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	108	%REC	76-12	7	SW8260B	04/23/10 19:03 / jrj
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-VO	LATILE					
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	11600	ug/L	400		SW8015M as	04/21/10 02:01 / bw
GRO as Gasoline	11600	ug/L	400		SW8015M as	04/21/10 02:01 / bw
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	18600	ug/L	400		SW8015M as	04/21/10 02:01 / bw
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	92.0	%REC	50-15	0	SW8015M as	04/21/10 02:01 / bw

⁻ Note 1: Gasoline Range Organics(GRO) are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between 2-Methylpentane and 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-SEMI-VOLATILE

Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	59	mg/L		15	SW8015M as	04/20/10 20:23 / jdb
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	50	mg/L		15	SW8015M as	04/20/10 20:23 / jdb
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	80	mg/L		15	SW8015M as	04/20/10 20:23 / jdb
Surr: o-Terphenyl	0	%REC	0	50-150	SW8015M as	04/20/10 20:23 / jdb

Report RL - Analyte reporting limit. Definitions: QCL - Quality control limit.

O - Diluted out.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level. ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.

⁻ Note 2: GRO as Gasoline is defined by the analyst as the portion of the GRO range that resembles gasoline.

⁻ Note 3: Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon responses regardless of elution time.

⁻ The sample was received in the laboratory with a pH > 2. The pH was 6.

<sup>Note 1: Diesel Range Organics are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between C10 and C28.
Note 2: Diesel Range Organics as Diesel are defined by the analyst as the portion of the chromatogram between C10 and C28 that resembles diesel fuel.</sup>

⁻ Note 3: Total Extractable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon response regardless of elution time.



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-003 **Client Sample ID:** TP 24-3 MW-3

Report Date: 04/30/10

Collection Date: 04/14/10 13:20

DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Australia	D*		<u> </u>		MCL/	Analysis Date / Dv
Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	QCL Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS						
Benzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1.1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
• •	ND	-		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane		ug/L				04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-003 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-3

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 13:20

DateReceived: 04/16/10 Matrix: Aqueous

					MCL/		
Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	93.0	%REC	-	77-126		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	90.0	%REC	-	70-130		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	102	%REC	-	79-122		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	103	%REC	ī	76-127		SW8260B	04/22/10 20:24 / jrj
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-VOLAT	ΓILE						
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 14:12 / bw
GRO as Gasoline	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 14:12 / bw
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 14:12 / bw
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	89.0	%REC		50-150		SW8015M as	04/20/10 14:12 / bw

⁻ Note 1: Gasoline Range Organics(GRO) are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between 2-Methylpentane and 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-SEMI-VOLATILE

Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 16:09 / mdw
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 16:09 / mdw
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 16:09 / mdw
Surr: o-Terphenyl	78.0	%REC	50-150	SW8015M as	04/21/10 16:09 / mdw

⁻ Note 1: Diesel Range Organics are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between C10 and C28.

⁻ Note 2: GRO as Gasoline is defined by the analyst as the portion of the GRO range that resembles gasoline.

⁻ Note 3: Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon responses regardless of elution time.

⁻ Note 2: Diesel Range Organics as Diesel are defined by the analyst as the portion of the chromatogram between C10 and C28 that resembles diesel fuel. - Note 3: Total Extractable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon response regardless of elution time.



Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Client: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP) Project:

Lab ID: B10041458-004 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-4

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 14:30 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Benzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-004 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-4

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 14:30

DateReceived: 04/16/10 Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	3						
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	90.0	%REC	•	77-126		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	86.0	%REC	-	70-130		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	106	%REC	•	79-122		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	102	%REC	•	76-127		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:19 / jrj
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-VO	LATILE						
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 14:46 / bw
GRO as Gasoline	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 14:46 / bw
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 14:46 / bw
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	93.0	%REC	;	50-150		SW8015M as	04/20/10 14:46 / bw

⁻ Note 1: Gasoline Range Organics(GRO) are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between 2-Methylpentane and 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-SEMI-VOLATILE

Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 18:16 / mdw
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 18:16 / mdw
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	0.61	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 18:16 / mdw
Surr: o-Terphenyl	107	%REC	50-150	SW8015M as	04/21/10 18:16 / mdw

⁻ Note 1: Diesel Range Organics are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between C10 and C28.

⁻ Note 2: GRO as Gasoline is defined by the analyst as the portion of the GRO range that resembles gasoline.

⁻ Note 3: Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon responses regardless of elution time.

⁻ Note 2: Diesel Range Organics as Diesel are defined by the analyst as the portion of the chromatogram between C10 and C28 that resembles diesel fuel. - Note 3: Total Extractable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon response regardless of elution time.



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP) Project:

Lab ID: B10041458-005 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-5

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 12:30 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Poor!4	Umit -	010.0	D)	MCL/	Mothed	Anahusia Data / D
Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Benzene	15	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	16	ug/L		10		SW8260B	04/27/10 22:26 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Toluene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
						SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		3W0200B	04/23/10 17.12/][]



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-005 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-5

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 12:30 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
Analyses	Resuit		Qualifiers RL	QOL	method	Analysis Date / by
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS						
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	62	ug/L	10		SW8260B	04/27/10 22:26 / jrj
o-Xylene	2.6	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	65	ug/L	10		SW8260B	04/27/10 22:26 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	91.0	%REC	77-12	.6	SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	82.0	%REC	70-13	60	SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	106	%REC	79-12	22	SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	99.0	%REC	76-12	27	SW8260B	04/23/10 17:12 / jrj
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-VO	LATILE					
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	1700	ug/L	100		SW8015M as	04/21/10 03:41 / bw
GRO as Gasoline	1700	ug/L	100		SW8015M as	04/21/10 03:41 / bw
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	2520	ug/L	100		SW8015M as	04/21/10 03:41 / bw
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	107	%REC	50-15	60	SW8015M as	04/21/10 03:41 / bw

⁻ Note 1: Gasoline Range Organics(GRO) are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between 2-Methylpentane and 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-SEMI-VOLATILE

Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	2.6	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 19:11 / mdw
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 19:11 / mdw
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	3.2	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 19:11 / mdw
Surr: o-Terphenyl	54.0	%REC	50-150	SW8015M as	04/21/10 19:11 / mdw

⁻ Note 2: GRO as Gasoline is defined by the analyst as the portion of the GRO range that resembles gasoline.

⁻ Note 3: Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon responses regardless of elution time.

⁻ The sample was received in the laboratory with a pH > 2. The pH was 6.

<sup>Note 1: Diesel Range Organics are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between C10 and C28.
Note 2: Diesel Range Organics as Diesel are defined by the analyst as the portion of the chromatogram between C10 and C28 that resembles diesel fuel.
Note 3: Total Extractable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon response regardless of elution time.</sup>



Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Client: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP) Project:

Lab ID: B10041458-006 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-6

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 12:00 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	D"				MCL/	Amalicais Bets / B
Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	QCL Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS						
Benzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1.2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
• •	ND	-		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		ug/L		1.0		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L			SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L 		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0	SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-006 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-6

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 12:00

DateReceived: 04/16/10 Matrix: Aqueous

					MCL/			
Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By	
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS								
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	94.0	%REC	7	77-126		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	90.0	%REC	7	70-130		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
Surr: Toluene-d8	103	%REC	7	79-122		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	104	%REC	7	76-127		SW8260B	04/23/10 15:57 / jrj	
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-VOLA	TILE							
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 15:19 / bw	
GRO as Gasoline	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 15:19 / bw	
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 15:19 / bw	
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	90.0	%REC	5	50-150		SW8015M as	04/20/10 15:19 / bw	

⁻ Note 1: Gasoline Range Organics(GRO) are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between 2-Methylpentane and 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-SEMI-VOLATILE

Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 20:05 / mdw
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 20:05 / mdw
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	0.46	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 20:05 / mdw
Surr: o-Terphenyl	76.0	%REC	50-150	SW8015M as	04/21/10 20:05 / mdw

⁻ Note 1: Diesel Range Organics are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between C10 and C28.

⁻ Note 2: GRO as Gasoline is defined by the analyst as the portion of the GRO range that resembles gasoline.

⁻ Note 3: Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon responses regardless of elution time.

⁻ Note 2: Diesel Range Organics as Diesel are defined by the analyst as the portion of the chromatogram between C10 and C28 that resembles diesel fuel. - Note 3: Total Extractable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon response regardless of elution time.



Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Client: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP) Project:

Lab ID: B10041458-007 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-7

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 15:00 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

	MCL/							
Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By	
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS								
Benzene	1090	ug/L		100		SW8260B	04/28/10 14:57 / jrj	
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Ethylbenzene	510	ug/L		50		SW8260B	04/28/10 16:13 / jrj	
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj	



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-007 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-7

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 15:00 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
Allalyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers RL	QOL.	metriou	Analysis Date / by
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	;					
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	1040	ug/L	50		SW8260B	04/28/10 16:13 / jrj
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L	1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	1040	ug/L	50		SW8260B	04/28/10 16:13 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	93.0	%REC	77-1:	26	SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	90.0	%REC	70-1	80	SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	112	%REC	79-1:	22	SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	94.0	%REC	76-12	27	SW8260B	04/23/10 17:48 / jrj
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-VO	LATILE					
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	4920	ug/L	100		SW8015M as	04/21/10 11:57 / bw
GRO as Gasoline	4920	ug/L	100		SW8015M as	04/21/10 11:57 / bw
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	6980	ug/L	100		SW8015M as	04/21/10 11:57 / bw
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	105	%REC	50-1	50	SW8015M as	04/21/10 11:57 / bw

- Note 1: Gasoline Range Organics(GRO) are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between 2-Methylpentane and 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene.
- Note 2: GRO as Gasoline is defined by the analyst as the portion of the GRO range that resembles gasoline.
- Note 3: Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon responses regardless of elution time.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-SEMI-VOLATILE

Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	17	mg/L		0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 22:49 / mdw
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	ND	mg/L		0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 22:49 / mdw
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	20	mg/L		0.30	SW8015M as	04/21/10 22:49 / mdw
Surr: o-Terphenyl	49.0	%REC	S	50-150	SW8015M as	04/21/10 22:49 / mdw

- Note 1: Diesel Range Organics are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between C10 and C28.
 Note 2: Diesel Range Organics as Diesel are defined by the analyst as the portion of the chromatogram between C10 and C28 that resembles diesel fuel.
- Note 3: Total Extractable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon response regardless of elution time.
- S=Surrogate recovery outside QC advisory limits. The sample contained a layer of sediment that may have strongly adsorbed the surrogate and/or reduced extraction efficiency.

Report Definitions: RL - Analyte reporting limit.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level.

QCL - Quality control limit.

ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.

⁻ The sample was received in the laboratory with a pH > 2. The pH was 6.



Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Client: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP) Project:

Lab ID: B10041458-008 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-8A

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 15:45 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

					MCL/		
Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Benzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1.2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1.2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1.2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
, ,		3 –					



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-008 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-8A

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 15:45

DateReceived: 04/16/10 Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	92.0	%REC	•	77-126		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	90.0	%REC	•	70-130		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	101	%REC	•	79-122		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	99.0	%REC		76-127		SW8260B	04/27/10 21:45 / jrj
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-VO	LATILE						
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 15:52 / bw
GRO as Gasoline	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 15:52 / bw
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 15:52 / bw
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	93.0	%REC	:	50-150		SW8015M as	04/20/10 15:52 / bw

⁻ Note 1: Gasoline Range Organics(GRO) are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between 2-Methylpentane and 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-SEMI-VOLATILE

Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/28/10 17:42 / jdb
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/28/10 17:42 / jdb
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	0.47	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/28/10 17:42 / jdb
Surr: o-Terphenyl	70.0	%REC	50-150	SW8015M as	04/28/10 17:42 / jdb

⁻ Note 1: Diesel Range Organics are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between C10 and C28.

⁻ Note 2: GRO as Gasoline is defined by the analyst as the portion of the GRO range that resembles gasoline.

⁻ Note 3: Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon responses regardless of elution time.

⁻ Note 2: Diesel Range Organics as Diesel are defined by the analyst as the portion of the chromatogram between C10 and C28 that resembles diesel fuel. - Note 3: Total Extractable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon response regardless of elution time.



Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Client: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP) Project:

Lab ID: B10041458-009 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-8B

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 15:50 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Benzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-009 Client Sample ID: TP 24-3 MW-8B

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 15:50

DateReceived: 04/16/10 Matrix: Aqueous

					MCL/		
Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	91.0	%REC	7	7-126		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	85.0	%REC	7	0-130		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	100	%REC	7	9-122		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	106	%REC	7	6-127		SW8260B	04/23/10 16:35 / jrj
PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-VOLAT	ΓILE						
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 16:26 / bw
GRO as Gasoline	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 16:26 / bw
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	ug/L		20		SW8015M as	04/20/10 16:26 / bw
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	92.0	%REC	5	0-150		SW8015M as	04/20/10 16:26 / bw

⁻ Note 1: Gasoline Range Organics(GRO) are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between 2-Methylpentane and 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene.

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS-SEMI-VOLATILE

Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/28/10 19:32 / jdb
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	ND	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/28/10 19:32 / jdb
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	0.50	mg/L	0.30	SW8015M as	04/28/10 19:32 / jdb
Surr: o-Terphenyl	69.0	%REC	50-150	SW8015M as	04/28/10 19:32 / jdb

⁻ Note 1: Diesel Range Organics are defined as all hydrocarbons eluting between C10 and C28.

⁻ Note 2: GRO as Gasoline is defined by the analyst as the portion of the GRO range that resembles gasoline.

⁻ Note 3: Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon responses regardless of elution time.

⁻ Note 2: Diesel Range Organics as Diesel are defined by the analyst as the portion of the chromatogram between C10 and C28 that resembles diesel fuel. - Note 3: Total Extractable Hydrocarbons are defined as the total hydrocarbon response regardless of elution time.



Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Client: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP) Project:

Lab ID: B10041458-010

Client Sample ID: Trip Blank 1 Lot# 032910, B-TS, SHP0246

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 12:00 DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Trip Blank

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Benzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Chloroform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L		20		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Styrene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
		-					**

Report RL - Analyte reporting limit. **Definitions:** QCL - Quality control limit.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level. ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-010

Client Sample ID: Trip Blank 1 Lot# 032910, B-TS, SHP0246

Report Date: 04/30/10 **Collection Date:** 04/14/10 12:00

DateReceived: 04/16/10 Matrix: Trip Blank

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers I	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L	1	1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L	1	1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L	1	1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L	1	1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L	1	1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L	1	1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L	1	1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	96.0	%REC	77-	-126		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	92.0	%REC	70-	-130		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	106	%REC	79-	-122		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	104	%REC	76-	-127		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:43 / jrj



Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Project: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)

Lab ID: B10041458-011

Client Sample ID: Trip Blank 2 Lot# 033010, B-TS, SHP0246

Report Date: 04/30/10

Collection Date: 04/14/10 14:00

DateReceived: 04/16/10

Matrix: Trip Blank

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Benzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Bromobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Bromochloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Bromodichloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Bromoform	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Bromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Chlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Chlorodibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Chloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Chloroform	0.26	ug/L	J	1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Chloromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Dibromomethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ug/L ug/L		20		SW8260B SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	-		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
, ,	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Methylene chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0			
Styrene 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		ug/L		1.0		SW8260B SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
	ND	ug/L					04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj

Report Definitions: RL - Analyte reporting limit.

Definitions: QCL - Quality control limit.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level.
ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.

 $\mbox{\bf J}$ - Estimated value. The analyte was present but less than the reporting limit.



Encana Oil and Gas USA Inc Client: Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP) Project:

Lab ID: B10041458-011

Client Sample ID: Trip Blank 2 Lot# 033010, B-TS, SHP0246

Report Date: 04/30/10 Collection Date: 04/14/10 14:00

DateReceived: 04/16/10 Matrix: Trip Blank

Analyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	MCL/ QCL	Method	Analysis Date / By
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS							
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L		1.0		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	93.0	%REC	7	7-126		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	90.0	%REC	7	0-130		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Surr: Toluene-d8	104	%REC	7	9-122		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	102	%REC	7	6-127		SW8260B	04/22/10 19:02 / jrj



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

lank ID ug/L ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	Run: 5971 <i>i</i>	A.I_100422A	Batch: R146542 04/22/10 11:50
ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	Run: 5971	A.I_100422A	04/22/10 11:50
ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
iD ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
iD ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
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ID ug/L ID ug/L ID ug/L ID ug/L ID ug/L	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0			
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Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8260B								Batch:	R146542
Sample ID: blk042210	Method Blank				Run: 5971	A.I_100422A		04/22	2/10 11:50
Trichloroethene	ND	ug/L	1.0						
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ug/L	1.0						
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ug/L	1.0						
Vinyl chloride	ND	ug/L	1.0						
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L	1.0						
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L	1.0						
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L	1.0						
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			1.0	95	70	130			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane			1.0	98	77	126			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene			1.0	103	76	127			
Surr: Toluene-d8			1.0	101	79	122			
Sample ID: Ics042210	Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample			Run: 5971	A.I_100422A		04/22	2/10 10:34
Benzene	4.88	ug/L	1.0	98	71	133			
Bromobenzene	4.76	ug/L	1.0	95	78	133			
Bromochloromethane	4.88	ug/L	1.0	98	68	131			
Bromodichloromethane	4.80	ug/L	1.0	96	67	138			
Bromoform	4.24	ug/L	1.0	85	64	136			
Bromomethane	5.28	ug/L	1.0	106	60	138			
Carbon tetrachloride	4.48	ug/L	1.0	90	61	144			
Chlorobenzene	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	78	136			
Chlorodibromomethane	4.72	ug/L	1.0	94	72	136			
Chloroethane	4.96	ug/L	1.0	99	64	136			
Chloroform	4.76	ug/L	1.0	95	69	133			
Chloromethane	4.56	ug/L	1.0	91	63	149			
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	6.00	ug/L	1.0	120	64	132			
1,2-Dibromoethane	4.96	ug/L	1.0	99	75	131			
2-Chlorotoluene	5.08	ug/L	1.0	102	74	135			
Dibromomethane	4.96	ug/L	1.0	99	72	133			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5.16	ug/L	1.0	103	78	129			
4-Chlorotoluene	5.20	ug/L	1.0	104	79	135			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	79	132			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	78	131			
Dichlorodifluoromethane	5.28	ug/L	1.0	106	55	141			
1,1-Dichloroethane	4.64	ug/L	1.0	93	72	130			
1,2-Dichloroethane	4.44	ug/L	1.0	89	57	146			
1,1-Dichloroethene	4.44	ug/L	1.0	89	66	142			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.84	ug/L	1.0	97	74	133			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.80	ug/L	1.0	96	76	138			
1,2-Dichloropropane	4.84	ug/L	1.0	97	72	135			
1,3-Dichloropropane	5.16	ug/L	1.0	103	75	134			
2,2-Dichloropropane	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	42	167			
1,1-Dichloropropene	4.96	ug/L	1.0	99	72	140			

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8260B								Batch:	R146542
Sample ID: Ics042210	Laboratory Cor	trol Sample			Run: 5971	\.I_100422A		04/22	2/10 10:34
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	75	132			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.08	ug/L	1.0	102	77	145			
Ethylbenzene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	78	131			
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	3.40	ug/L	1.0	68	58	151			
Methyl ethyl ketone	49.2	ug/L	20	98	55	145			
Methylene chloride	4.52	ug/L	1.0	90	73	126			
Styrene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	76	134			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	4.88	ug/L	1.0	98	75	135			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	72	132			
Tetrachloroethene	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	78	137			
Toluene	5.28	ug/L	1.0	106	78	134			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4.56	ug/L	1.0	91	64	141			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	3.75	ug/L	1.0	75	72	133			
Trichloroethene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	75	138			
Trichlorofluoromethane	4.56	ug/L	1.0	91	58	139			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	4.32	ug/L	1.0	86	67	133			
Vinyl chloride	4.40	ug/L	1.0	88	66	140			
m+p-Xylenes	10.5	ug/L	1.0	105	78	133			
o-Xylene	4.60	ug/L	1.0	92	79	136			
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			1.0	98	70	130			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane			1.0	99	77	126			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene			1.0	106	76	127			
Surr: Toluene-d8			1.0	110	79	122			

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8260B								Batch:	R146580
Sample ID: Ics042310	Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample			Run: 5971	A.I_100423A		04/23	3/10 10:20
Benzene	5.32	ug/L	1.0	106	71	133			
Bromobenzene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	78	133			
Bromochloromethane	5.16	ug/L	1.0	103	68	131			
Bromodichloromethane	5.08	ug/L	1.0	102	67	138			
Bromoform	4.40	ug/L	1.0	88	64	136			
Bromomethane	5.64	ug/L	1.0	113	60	138			
Carbon tetrachloride	4.48	ug/L	1.0	90	61	144			
Chlorobenzene	5.40	ug/L	1.0	108	78	136			
Chlorodibromomethane	5.08	ug/L	1.0	102	72	136			
Chloroethane	5.52	ug/L	1.0	110	64	136			
Chloroform	4.92	ug/L	1.0	98	69	133			
Chloromethane	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	63	149			
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	5.08	ug/L	1.0	102	64	132			
1,2-Dibromoethane	5.32	ug/L	1.0	106	75	131			
2-Chlorotoluene	5.76	ug/L	1.0	115	74	135			
Dibromomethane	5.32	ug/L	1.0	106	72	133			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5.60	ug/L	1.0	112	78	129			
4-Chlorotoluene	5.80	ug/L	1.0	116	79	135			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5.48	ug/L	1.0	110	79	132			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5.48	ug/L	1.0	110	78	131			
Dichlorodifluoromethane	6.08	ug/L	1.0	122	55	141			
1,1-Dichloroethane	4.84	ug/L	1.0	97	72	130			
1,2-Dichloroethane	4.84	ug/L	1.0	97	57	146			
1,1-Dichloroethene	4.56	ug/L	1.0	91	66	142			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	74	133			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.84	ug/L	1.0	97	76	138			
1,2-Dichloropropane	5.24	ug/L	1.0	105	72	135			
1,3-Dichloropropane	5.72	ug/L	1.0	114	75	134			
2,2-Dichloropropane	5.08	ug/L	1.0	102	42	167			
1,1-Dichloropropene	5.28	ug/L	1.0	106	72	140			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.36	ug/L	1.0	107	75	132			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.64	ug/L	1.0	113	77	145			
Ethylbenzene	5.28	ug/L	1.0	106	78	131			
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	4.88	ug/L	1.0	98	58	151			
Methyl ethyl ketone	46.4	ug/L	20	93	55	145			
Methylene chloride	4.92	ug/L	1.0	98	73	126			
Styrene	5.48	ug/L	1.0	110	76	134			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.24	ug/L	1.0	105	75	135			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.40	ug/L	1.0	108	72	132			
Tetrachloroethene	5.16	ug/L	1.0	103	78	137			
Toluene	5.60	ug/L	1.0	112	78	134			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4.76	ug/L	1.0	95	64	141			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.36	ug/L	1.0	107	72	133			

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8260B								Batch:	R146580
Sample ID: Ics042310	Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample			Run: 5971	A.I_100423A		04/23	3/10 10:20
Trichloroethene	5.36	ug/L	1.0	107	75	138			
Trichlorofluoromethane	5.08	ug/L	1.0	102	58	139			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	4.60	ug/L	1.0	92	67	133			
Vinyl chloride	4.84	ug/L	1.0	97	66	140			
m+p-Xylenes	11.1	ug/L	1.0	111	78	133			
o-Xylene	5.28	ug/L	1.0	106	79	136			
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			1.0	98	70	130			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane			1.0	97	77	126			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene			1.0	106	76	127			
Surr: Toluene-d8			1.0	110	79	122			
Sample ID: b10041458-001cms	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: 5971	A.I_100423A		04/23	3/10 20:17
Bromobenzene	5.16	ug/L	1.0	103	78	133			
Bromochloromethane	4.92	ug/L	1.0	98	68	131			
Bromodichloromethane	2.69	ug/L	1.0	54	67	138			S
Bromoform	4.12	ug/L	1.0	82	64	136			
Bromomethane	5.36	ug/L	1.0	107	60	138			
Carbon tetrachloride	3.74	ug/L	1.0	75	61	144			
Chlorobenzene	5.08	ug/L	1.0	102	78	136			
Chlorodibromomethane	4.84	ug/L	1.0	97	72	136			
Chloroethane	5.64	ug/L	1.0	113	64	136			
Chloroform	4.64	ug/L	1.0	93	69	133			
Chloromethane	5.44	ug/L	1.0	109	63	149			
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	1.00	ug/L	1.0	20	64	132			S
1,2-Dibromoethane	4.96	ug/L	1.0	99	75	131			
2-Chlorotoluene	5.72	ug/L	1.0	114	74	135			
Dibromomethane	5.24	ug/L	1.0	105	72	133			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5.12	ug/L	1.0	102	78	129			
4-Chlorotoluene	5.48	ug/L	1.0	110	79	135			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	4.96	ug/L	1.0	99	79	132			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	4.96	ug/L	1.0	99	78	131			
Dichlorodifluoromethane	5.76	ug/L	1.0	115	55	141			
1,1-Dichloroethane	4.72	ug/L	1.0	94	72	130			
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.60	ug/L	1.0	72	57	146			
1,1-Dichloroethene	3.68	ug/L	1.0	74	66	142			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	74	133			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.68	ug/L	1.0	94	76	138			
1,2-Dichloropropane	5.40	ug/L	1.0	108	72	135			
1,3-Dichloropropane	5.32	ug/L	1.0	106	75	134			
2,2-Dichloropropane	4.00	ug/L	1.0	80	42	167			
1,1-Dichloropropene	4.44	ug/L	1.0	89	72	140			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	75	132			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	77	145			

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.

ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8260B								Batch:	R146580
Sample ID: b10041458-001cms	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: 5971	A.I_100423A		04/23	3/10 20:17
Ethylbenzene	9.28	ug/L	1.0	71	78	131			S
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	5.32	ug/L	1.0	106	58	151			
Methyl ethyl ketone	61.6	ug/L	20	123	55	145			
Methylene chloride	4.52	ug/L	1.0	90	73	126			
Styrene	3.82	ug/L	1.0	76	76	134			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	4.72	ug/L	1.0	94	75	135			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6.20	ug/L	1.0	124	72	132			
Tetrachloroethene	4.60	ug/L	1.0	92	78	137			
Toluene	5.36	ug/L	1.0	104	78	134			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4.36	ug/L	1.0	87	64	141			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	4.12	ug/L	1.0	82	72	133			
Trichloroethene	4.96	ug/L	1.0	99	75	138			
Trichlorofluoromethane	4.60	ug/L	1.0	92	58	139			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	5.68	ug/L	1.0	114	67	133			
Vinyl chloride	4.72	ug/L	1.0	94	66	140			
o-Xylene	4.84	ug/L	1.0	94	79	136			
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			1.0	93	70	130			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane			1.0	97	77	126			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene			1.0	100	76	127			
Surr: Toluene-d8			1.0	106	79	122			
Sample ID: b10041458-001cmsd	Sample Matrix	Spike Duplicate			Run: 5971	A.I_100423A		04/23	3/10 20:54
Bromobenzene	5.12	ug/L	1.0	102	78	133	8.0	20	
Bromochloromethane	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	68	131	1.6	20	
Bromodichloromethane	2.74	ug/L	1.0	55	67	138	1.8	20	S
Bromoform	4.20	ug/L	1.0	84	64	136	1.9	20	
Bromomethane	5.48	ug/L	1.0	110	60	138	2.2	20	
Carbon tetrachloride	3.69	ug/L	1.0	74	61	144	1.4	20	
Chlorobenzene	5.16	ug/L	1.0	103	78	136	1.6	20	
Chlorodibromomethane	4.84	ug/L	1.0	97	72	136	0	20	
Chloroethane	5.60	ug/L	1.0	112	64	136	0.7	20	
Chloroform	4.52	ug/L	1.0	90	69	133	2.6	20	
Chloromethane	5.60	ug/L	1.0	112	63	149	2.9	20	
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	2.89	ug/L	1.0	58	64	132	97	20	SR
1,2-Dibromoethane	4.92	ug/L	1.0	98	75	131	8.0	20	
2-Chlorotoluene	6.28	ug/L	1.0	126	74	135	9.3	20	
Dibromomethane	5.28	ug/L	1.0	106	72	133	8.0	20	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	78	129	1.6	20	
4-Chlorotoluene	5.36	ug/L	1.0	107	79	135	2.2	20	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5.00	ug/L	1.0	100	79	132	8.0	20	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	78	131	1.6	20	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	5.80	ug/L	1.0	116	55	141	0.7	20	
1.1-Dichloroethane	4.56	ug/L	1.0	91	72	130	3.4	20	

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.

R - RPD exceeds advisory limit.

ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8260B								Batch:	R146580
Sample ID: b10041458-001cmsd	Sample Matrix	x Spike Duplicate			Run: 5971	A.I_100423A		04/23	/10 20:54
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.55	ug/L	1.0	71	57	146	1.3	20	
1,1-Dichloroethene	3.40	ug/L	1.0	68	66	142	7.9	20	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.80	ug/L	1.0	96	74	133	4.1	20	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.52	ug/L	1.0	90	76	138	3.5	20	
1,2-Dichloropropane	5.32	ug/L	1.0	106	72	135	1.5	20	
1,3-Dichloropropane	5.28	ug/L	1.0	106	75	134	8.0	20	
2,2-Dichloropropane	3.71	ug/L	1.0	74	42	167	7.6	20	
1,1-Dichloropropene	4.32	ug/L	1.0	86	72	140	2.7	20	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	4.84	ug/L	1.0	97	75	132	3.3	20	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.04	ug/L	1.0	101	77	145	0	20	
Ethylbenzene	9.00	ug/L	1.0	66	78	131	3.1	20	S
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	5.16	ug/L	1.0	103	58	151	3.1	20	
Methyl ethyl ketone	61.2	ug/L	20	122	55	145	0.7	20	
Methylene chloride	4.36	ug/L	1.0	87	73	126	3.6	20	
Styrene	3.50	ug/L	1.0	70	76	134	8.5	20	s
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	4.68	ug/L	1.0	94	75	135	0.9	20	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6.40	ug/L	1.0	128	72	132	3.2	20	
Tetrachloroethene	4.60	ug/L	1.0	92	78	137	0	20	
Toluene	5.28	ug/L	1.0	102	78	134	1.5	20	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	4.16	ug/L	1.0	83	64	141	4.7	20	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	4.36	ug/L	1.0	87	72	133	5.7	20	
Trichloroethene	4.96	ug/L	1.0	99	75	138	0	20	
Trichlorofluoromethane	4.44	ug/L	1.0	89	58	139	3.5	20	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	9.48	ug/L	1.0	190	67	133	50	20	SR
Vinyl chloride	4.64	ug/L	1.0	93	66	140	1.7	20	
o-Xylene	4.36	ug/L	1.0	84	79	136	10	20	
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			1.0	90	70	130			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane			1.0	93	77	126			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene			1.0	104	76	127			
Surr: Toluene-d8			1.0	106	79	122			
Sample ID: b10041458-001cms	Sample Dupli	cate			Run: 5971	\.l_100423A		04/23	/10 20:17
Benzene	56.0	ug/L	1.0				21	20	R
m+p-Xylenes	39.1	ug/L	1.0				8.5	20	
Sample ID: b10041458-001cmsd	Sample Dupli	cate			Run: 5971	A.I_100423A		04/23	/10 20:54
Benzene	54.4	ug/L	1.0				24	20	R
m+p-Xylenes	37.8	ug/L	1.0				12	20	

⁻ Because the sample amount was significantly higher than the spike amount, the MS and MSD spike samples for these compounds are calculated as Duplicate samples based on the spike amount added plus the original sample concentration.

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.

R - RPD exceeds advisory limit.

ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8260B								Batch:	R146770
Sample ID: Ics042810	Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample			Run: 5971	A.I_100428A		04/28	3/10 11:08
Benzene	5.40	ug/L	1.0	108	71	133			
Ethylbenzene	5.24	ug/L	1.0	105	78	131			
m+p-Xylenes	10.6	ug/L	1.0	106	78	133			
o-Xylene	5.40	ug/L	1.0	108	79	136			
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			1.0	91	70	130			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane			1.0	92	77	126			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene			1.0	104	76	127			
Surr: Toluene-d8			1.0	105	79	122			
Sample ID: blk042810	Method Blank				Run: 5971	A.I_100428A		04/28	3/10 12:59
Benzene	ND	ug/L	1.0						
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L	1.0						
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L	1.0						
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L	1.0						
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L	1.0						
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4			1.0	92	70	130			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane			1.0	91	77	126			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene			1.0	96	76	127			
Surr: Toluene-d8			1.0	98	79	122			

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8015M as G							Ar	alytical Run	: R146420
Sample ID: CCV_0420VAR03r-W	Continuing Ca	libration Verific	ation Standa	rd				04/20	0/10 10:04
2-Methylpentane	33.7	ug/L	1.0	112	75	125			
Benzene	10.8	ug/L	1.0	108	75	125			
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	34.0	ug/L	1.0	113	75	125			
Toluene	32.9	ug/L	1.0	110	75	125			
Ethylbenzene	10.9	ug/L	1.0	109	75	125			
m+p-Xylenes	43.5	ug/L	1.0	109	75	125			
n-Heptane	11.7	ug/L	1.0	117	75	125			
o-Xylene	21.0	ug/L	1.0	105	75	125			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	20.7	ug/L	1.0	103	75	125			
Total GRO	219	ug/L		110	75	125			
Surr: Trifluorotoluene		g/ _	1.0	92	75	125			
Sample ID: CCV_0420VAR25r-W	Continuing Ca	llibration Verific	ation Standa	rd				04/20	0/10 22:39
2-Methylpentane	30.4	ug/L	1.0	101	75	125			
Benzene	10.3	ug/L	1.0	103	75	125			
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	30.0	ug/L	1.0	100	75	125			
Toluene	30.4	ug/L	1.0	101	75	125			
Ethylbenzene	10.4	ug/L	1.0	104	75	125			
m+p-Xylenes	41.8	ug/L	1.0	104	75	125			
n-Heptane	10.6	ug/L	1.0	106	75	125			
o-Xylene	21.0	ug/L	1.0	105	75	125			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	20.3	ug/L	1.0	101	75	125			
Total GRO	205	ug/L	1.0	103	75	125			
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	200	ug/L	1.0	90	75	125			
Method: SW8015M as G								Batch	: R146420
Sample ID: LCS_0420VAR04r	Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample			Run: VARI	AN1_100420A		04/20	0/10 10:51
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	144	ug/L	20	72	50	100			
Surr: Trifluorotoluene		-	1.0	96	50	150			
Sample ID: MBLK_0420VAR05r	Method Blank				Run: VARI	AN1_100420A		04/20	0/10 11:24
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	ug/L	20						
GRO as Gasoline	ND	ug/L	20						
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	ug/L	20						
Surr: Trifluorotoluene		•	1.0	95	50	150			
Sample ID: B10041458-003BMS	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: VARI	AN1_100420A		04/20	0/10 20:24
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	276	ug/L	20	69	50	100			
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			1.0	97	50	150			
Sample ID: B10041458-003BMSD	Sample Matrix	Spike Duplica	te		Run: VARI	AN1_100420A		04/20	0/10 20:58
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	292	ug/L	20	73	50	100	5.7	20	
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			1.0	99	50	150			

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

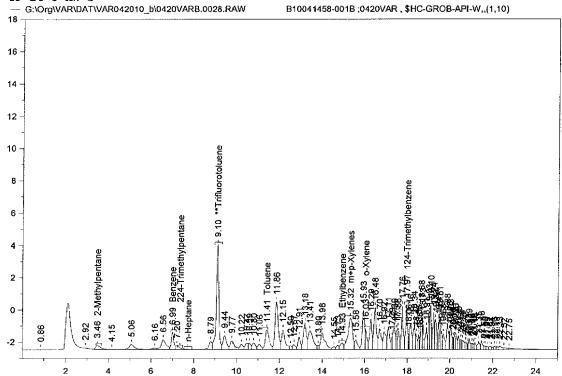
Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8015M as G							Batc	h: R146420
Sample ID: LCS_0420VAR26r	Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample			Run: VARI	AN1_100420A	04/2	20/10 23:13
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	134	ug/L	20	67	50	100		
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			1.0	85	50	150		
Sample ID: MBLK_0420VAR27r	Method Blank				Run: VARI	AN1_100420A	04/3	20/10 23:46
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	ug/L	20					
GRO as Gasoline	ND	ug/L	20					
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	ug/L	20					
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			1.0	87	50	150		
Method: SW8015M as G							Analytical Ru	n: R146477
Sample ID: CCV_0421VAR03r-W	Continuing Ca	libration Verificat	ion Standa	rd			04/2	21/10 10:05
2-Methylpentane	32.5	ug/L	1.0	108	75	125		
Benzene	10.7	ug/L	1.0	107	75	125		
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	31.9	ug/L	1.0	106	75	125		
Toluene	31.9	ug/L	1.0	106	75	125		
Ethylbenzene	10.6	ug/L	1.0	106	75	125		
m+p-Xylenes	42.3	ug/L	1.0	106	75	125		
n-Heptane	11.6	ug/L	1.0	116	75	125		
o-Xylene	20.6	ug/L	1.0	103	75	125		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	19.5	ug/L	1.0	98	75	125		
Total GRO	212	ug/L		106	75	125		
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			1.0	98	75	125		
Method: SW8015M as G							Batc	h: R146477
Sample ID: LCS_0421VAR04r	Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample			Run: VARI	AN1_100421B	04/2	21/10 10:48
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	139	ug/L	20	70	50	100		
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			1.0	102	50	150		
Sample ID: MBLK_0421VAR05r	Method Blank				Run: VARI	AN1_100421B	04/2	21/10 11:23
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	ug/L	20					
GRO as Gasoline	ND	ug/L	20					
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	ND	ug/L	20					
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			1.0	97	50	150		
Sample ID: B10041800-002CMS	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: VARI	AN1_100421B	04/	22/10 15:22
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	293	ug/L	20	73	50	100		
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			1.0	102	50	150		
Sample ID: B10041800-002CMSD	Sample Matrix	Spike Duplicate			Run: VARI	AN1_100421B	04/2	22/10 15:55
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	291	ug/L	20	73	50	100	0.6 20	
			1.0	101	50	150		

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.







GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM REPORT

Sample Name: B10041458-001B ;0420VAR , \$HC-GROB-API-W,,(1,10)

Raw File: G:\Org\VAR\DAT\VAR042010_b\0420VARB.0028.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 12:20:57 AM Method File: G:\Org\VAR\Methods\0210V14581xB.MET Calibration File: G:\Org\VAR\Cals\0210VARb.CAL

Sample Weight: 5 Dilution: 10

S.A.: 10

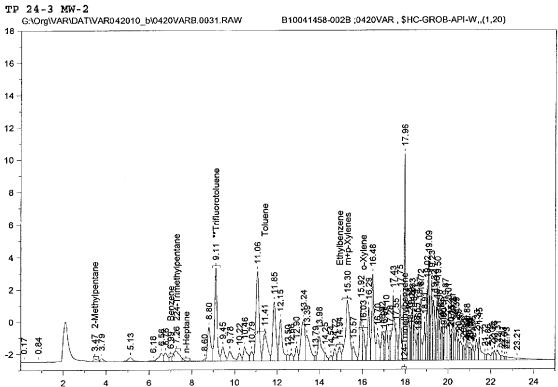
Mean RF for all calibrated compounds: 241.6774

Rt range for Gasoline Range Organics: 3.408 to 18.047

SURROGATE COMPOUND ACTUAL MEASURED %REC RT **Trifluorotoluene 9.103 500. 535.328 107.07

GRO Amount: 3226.826 GRO Area:389925.5 TPH Area:596876.7 TPH Amount: 4939.449





GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM REPORT

Sample Name: B10041458-002B ;0420VAR , \$HC-GROB-API-W,,(1,20)

Raw File: G:\Org\VAR\DAT\VAR042010_b\0420VARB.0031.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 2:01:15 AM

Method File: G:\Org\VAR\Methods\0210V14582xB.MET

Calibration File: G:\Org\VAR\Cals\0210VARb.CAL

Sample Weight: 5

Dilution: 20

S.A.: 20

Mean RF for all calibrated compounds: 241.6774

Rt range for Gasoline Range Organics: 3.408 to 18.047

SURROGATE COMPOUND **Trifluorotoluene

RT ACTUAL 9.108 1000.

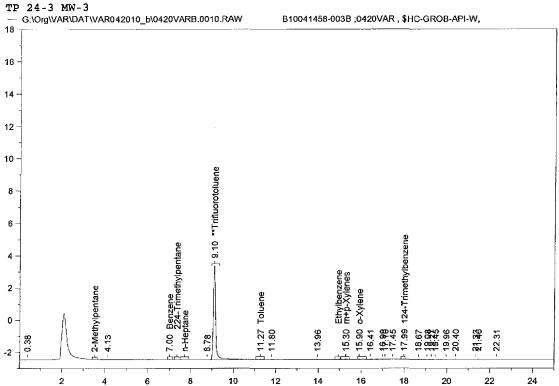
MEASURED 921.349 %REC 92.13

GRO Area:700795.7

GRO Area:700795.7 TPH Area:1123085 GRO Amount: 11598.86 TPH Amount: 18588.17

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GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM REPORT
Sample Name: B10041458-003B;0420VAR, \$HC-GROB-API-W,
Raw File: G:\Org\VAR\DAT\VAR042010_b\0420VARB.0010.RAW
Date & Time Acquired: 4/20/2010 2:12:42 PM

Method File: G:\Org\VAR\Methods\0210V14583B.MET Calibration File: G:\Org\VAR\Cals\0210VARb.CAL

Sample Weight: 5 Dilu

Dilution: 1 S.A.: 1

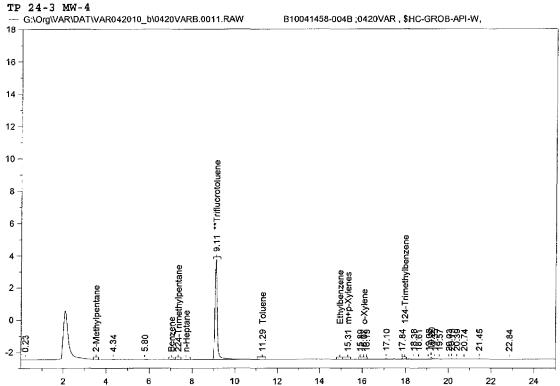
Mean RF for all calibrated compounds: 241.6774

Rt range for Gasoline Range Organics: 3.408 to 18.047

SURROGATE COMPOUND RT ACTUAL MEASURED %REC **Trifluorotoluene 9.098 50. 44.423 88.85

GRO Area:1224.434 GRO Amount: 1.01328 TPH Area:1944.675 TPH Amount: 1.609314





GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM REPORT

Sample Name: B10041458-004B ; 0420VAR , \$HC-GROB-API-W, Raw File: G:\Org\VAR\DAT\VAR042010_b\0420VARB.0011.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/20/2010 2:46:05 PM Method File: G:\Org\VAR\Methods\0210VARB.MET Calibration File: G:\Org\VAR\Cals\0210VARb.CAL

Sample Weight: 5

Dilution: 1 S.A.: 1

Mean RF for all calibrated compounds: 241.6774

Rt range for Gasoline Range Organics: 3.408 to 18.047

RT

9.109

SURROGATE COMPOUND **Trifluorotoluene ACTUAL 50.

MEASURED 46.465

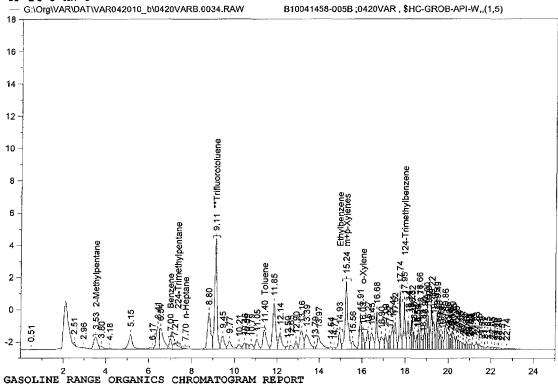
%REC 92.93

GRO Area:738.4964 TPH Area:2061.922

GRO Amount: 0.6111422 TPH Amount: 1.706342







Sample Name: B10041458-005B ;0420VAR , \$HC-GROB-API-W,,(1,5)

Raw File: G:\Org\VAR\DAT\VAR042010_b\0420VARB.0034.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 3:41:38 AM Method File: G:\Org\VAR\Methods\0210V14585xB.MET Calibration File: G:\Org\VAR\Cals\0210VARb.CAL

Sample Weight: 5

5 Dilution: 5

Mean RF for all calibrated compounds: 241.6774

Rt range for Gasoline Range Organics: 3.408 to 18.047

SURROGATE COMPOUND RT ACTUAL MEASURED %REC
**Trifluorotoluene 9.107 250. 267.332 106.93

S.A.: 5

GRO Area:409924.3 TPH Area:609240.7 GRO Amount: 1696.163 TPH Amount: 2520.884

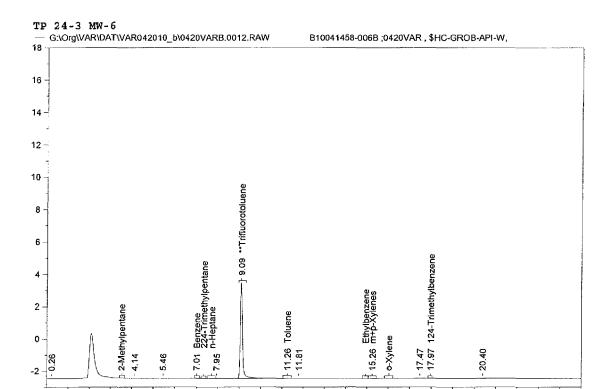
20

22

18

24





Sample Name: B10041458-006B ;0420VAR , \$HC-GROB-API-W, Raw File: G:\Org\VAR\DAT\VAR042010_b\0420VARB.0012.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/20/2010 3:19:05 PM
Method File: G:\Org\VAR\Methods\0210VARB.MET
Calibration File: G:\Org\VAR\Cals\0210VARb.CAL

Sample Weight: 5 Dilution: 1 S.A.: 1

Mean RF for all calibrated compounds: 241.6774

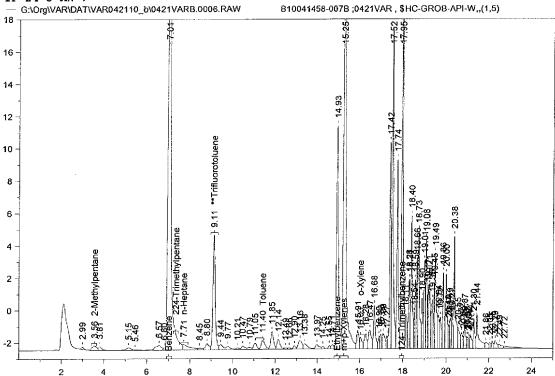
Rt range for Gasoline Range Organics: 3.408 to 18.047

SURROGATE COMPOUND RT ACTUAL MEASURED %REC **Trifluorotoluene 9.09 50. 45.14 90.28

GRO Area:675.0743 GRO Amount: 0.5586573 TPH Area:721.0732 TPH Amount: 0.5967236







GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM REPORT

Sample Name: B10041458-007B ;0421VAR , \$HC-GROB-API-W,,(1,5)

Raw File: G:\Org\VAR\DAT\VAR042110_b\0421VARB.0006.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 11:57:17 AM Method File: G:\Org\VAR\Methods\0210V14587zB.MET Calibration File: G:\Org\VAR\Cals\0210VARb.CAL

Sample Weight: 5 Dilution: 5 S.A.: 5

Mean RF for all calibrated compounds: 241.6774

Rt range for Gasoline Range Organics: 3.408 to 18.047

SURROGATE COMPOUND RT ACTUAL MEASURED %REC **Trifluorotoluene 9.112 250. 261.965 104.79

GRO Area:1189189 GRO Amount: 4920.561 TPH Area:1685897 TPH Amount: 6975.816

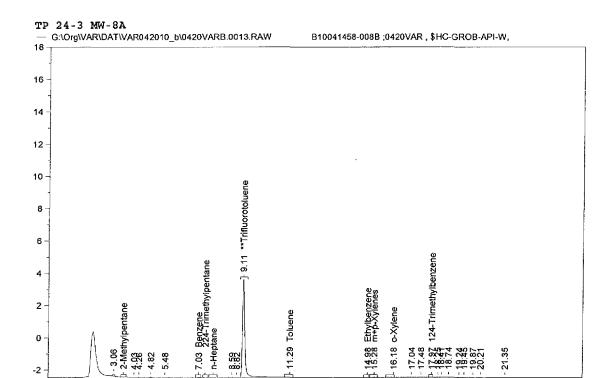
20

22

24

16





GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM REPORT

Sample Name: B10041458-008B ;0420VAR , \$HC-GROB-API-W, Raw File: G:\Org\VAR\DAT\VAR042010_b\0420VARB.0013.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/20/2010 3:52:47 PM Method File: G:\Org\VAR\Methods\0210V14588B.MET Calibration File: G:\Org\VAR\Cals\0210VARb.CAL

Sample Weight: 5 Dilution: 1 S.A.: 1

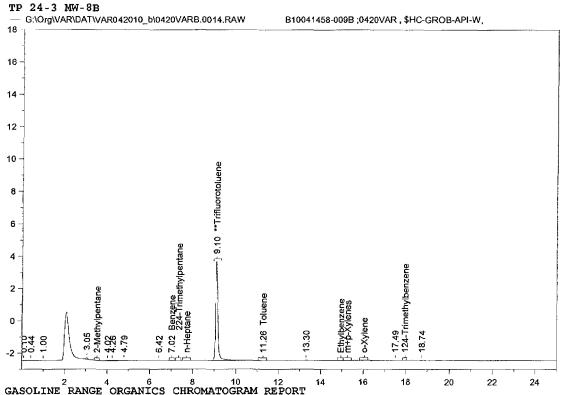
Mean RF for all calibrated compounds: 241.6774

Rt range for Gasoline Range Organics: 3.408 to 18.047

SURROGATE COMPOUND RT ACTUAL MEASURED %REC **Trifluorotoluene 9.111 50. 46.468 92.94

GRO Area:1050.587 GRO Amount: 0.8694123 TPH Area:2244.383 TPH Amount: 1.857338





GASOLINE RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM REPORT
Sample Name: B10041458-009B;0420VAR, \$HC-GROB-API-W,
Raw File: G:\Org\VAR\DAT\VAR042010_b\0420VARB.0014.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/20/2010 4:26:15 PM Method File: G:\Org\VAR\Methods\0210V14589B.MET Calibration File: G:\Org\VAR\Cals\0210VARb.CAL

Sample Weight: 5 Dilution: 1

Mean RF for all calibrated compounds: 241.6774
Rt range for Gasoline Range Organics: 3.408 to 18.047

9.095

SURROGATE COMPOUND RT ACTUAL MEASURED

50.

GRO Area:878.4305 GRO Amount: 0.7269446

GRO Area:878.4305 GRO Amount: 0.7269440 TPH Area:1609.591 TPH Amount: 1.332016

**Trifluorotoluene

S.A.: 1

45.812

%REC

91.62



Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: SW8015M as D								Bat	ch: 45734
Sample ID: LCS-45734	Laboratory Co	ntrol Sample			Run: GCFI	D-HP3-B_100419	9E	04/20)/10 23:54
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	15.6	mg/L	0.30	104	60	120			
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	16.1	mg/L	0.30	107	60	120			
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0.0050	100	50	150			
Sample ID: LCSD-45734	Laboratory Co	ontrol Sample D	Ouplicate		Run: GCFI	D-HP3-B_100419	9E	04/21	/10 00:48
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	15.3	mg/L	0.30	102	60	120	2.1	20	
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	15.8	mg/L	0.30	105	60	120	2	20	
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0.0050	99	50	150			
Sample ID: MB-45734	Method Blank				Run: GCFI	D-HP3-B_100419	9E	04/21	/10 01:42
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	mg/L	0.30						
Diesel Range Organics as Diesel	ND	mg/L	0.30						
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/L	0.30						
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0.0050	109	50	150			
Sample ID: B10041477-001AMS	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: GCFII	D-HP3-B_100419	9E	04/21	/10 03:30
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	32.9	mg/L	0.65	102	60	120			
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	33.9	mg/L	0.65	105	60	120			
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0.011	99	50	150			
Sample ID: B10041477-001AMSD	Sample Matrix	Spike Duplica	te		Run: GCFI	D-HP3-B_100419	9E	04/21	/10 04:23
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	33.1	mg/L	0.65	103	60	120	0.6	20	
Total Extractable Hydrocarbons	34.1	mg/L	0.65	106	60	120	0.5	20	
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0.011	101	50	150			
Method: SW8015M as D							Ar	nalytical Run:	R146484
Sample ID: CCV_0416HP279r-W	Continuing Ca	libration Verific	ation Standar	rd				04/20)/10 17:57
n-Decane	0.194	mg/L	0.0050	97	75	125			
n-Dodecane	0.188	mg/L	0.0050	94	75	125			
n-Tetradecane	0.185	mg/L	0.0050	93	75	125			
n-Hexadecane	0.181	mg/L	0.0050	90	75	125			
n-Octadecane	0.184	mg/L	0.0050	92	75	125			
n-Eicosane	0.181	mg/L	0.0050	91	75	125			
n-Docosane	0.181	mg/L	0.0050	90	75	125			
n-Tetracosane	0.181	mg/L	0.0050	90	75	125			
n-Hexacosane	0.184	mg/L	0.0050	92	75	125			
n-Octacosane	0.178	mg/L	0.0050	89	75	125			
Total DRO	1.84	mg/L		83	75	125			
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0.0050	92	75	125			

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.



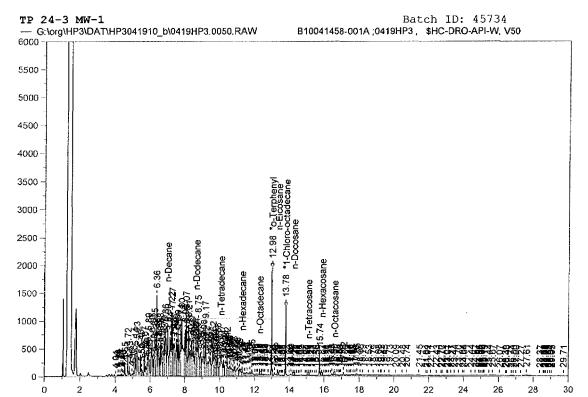
Client:Encana Oil and Gas USA IncReport Date: 04/30/10Project:Tribal Pavillion 24-3 (VRP)Work Order: B10041458

Analyte	Result	Units	RL	%REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD RPDLimit Qua
Method: SW8015M as D							Analytical Run: R146
Sample ID: CCV_0419HP344r DRO A	Continuing Ca	alibration \	Verification Standa	ď			04/21/10 08
n-Decane	0.227	mg/L	0.0050	113	75	125	
n-Dodecane	0.226	mg/L	0.0050	113	75	125	
n-Tetradecane	0.224	mg/L	0.0050	112	75	125	
n-Hexadecane	0.223	mg/L	0.0050	112	75	125	
n-Octadecane	0.225	mg/L	0.0050	112	75	125	
n-Eicosane	0.224	mg/L	0.0050	112	75	125	
n-Docosane	0.224	mg/L	0.0050	112	75	125	
n-Tetracosane	0.225	mg/L	0.0050	112	75	125	
n-Hexacosane	0.226	mg/L	0.0050	113	75	125	
n-Octacosane	0.220	mg/L	0.0050	110	75	125	
Total DRO	2.24	mg/L		102	75	125	
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0.0050	113	75	125	
Method: SW8015M as D							Analytical Run: R146
Sample ID: CCV_0419HP357r DRO A	Continuing Ca	alibration \	√erification Standa	rd			04/21/10 2
n-Decane	0.221	mg/L	0.0050	110	75	125	
n-Dodecane	0.219	mg/L	0.0050	109	75	125	
n-Tetradecane	0.218	mg/L	0.0050	109	75	125	
n-Hexadecane	0.217	mg/L	0.0050	108	75	125	
n-Octadecane	0.218	mg/L	0.0050	109	75	125	
n-Eicosane	0.217	mg/L	0.0050	109	75	125	
n-Docosane	0.217	mg/L	0.0050	109	75	125	
n-Tetracosane	0.218	mg/L	0.0050	109	75	125	
n-Hexacosane	0.219	mg/L	0.0050	110	75	125	
n-Octacosane	0.214	mg/L	0.0050	107	75	125	
Total DRO	2.18	mg/L		99	75	125	
Surr: o-Terphenyl	25	9/=	0.0050	110	75	125	
Method: SW8015M as D							Analytical Run: R146
Sample ID: CCV_0427HP324r-W	Continuing Ca	alibration \	√erification Standa	ď			04/28/10 1
n-Decane	0.220	mg/L	0.0050	110	75	125	
n-Dodecane	0.218	mg/L	0.0050	109	75	125	
n-Tetradecane	0.216	mg/L	0.0050	108	75	125	
n-Hexadecane	0.216	mg/L	0.0050	108	75	125	
n-Octadecane	0.217	mg/L	0.0050	109	75	125	
n-Eicosane	0.216	mg/L	0.0050	108	75	125	
n-Docosane	0.216	mg/L	0.0050	108	75	125	
n-Tetracosane	0.217	mg/L	0.0050	108	75	125	
n-Hexacosane	0.218	mg/L	0.0050	109	75	125	
n-Octacosane	0.213	mg/L	0.0050	106	75	125	
Total DRO	2.17	mg/L	3.3330	99	75	125	
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Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.





DIESEL RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM

Sample Name: B10041458-001A;0419HP3, \$HC-DRO-API-W, V50

Raw File: G:\org\HP3\DAT\HP3041910_b\0419HP3.0050.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 2:20:42 PM Method File: G:\Org\HP3\Methods\D3000AE%.met Calibration File: G:\Org\HP3\Cals\DR100112AE.CAL

Sample Weight: 1000

Dilution: 1

s.A.: 1

Mean RF for Total Extractable Hydrocarbons: 29437.91

Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.91 to 16.652

SURROGATE COMPOUND	RT	ACTUAL	MEASURED	%REC	
*o-Terphenyl	12.984	.2	.103	51.36	-
*1-Chloro-octadecane	13.783	.2	.096	47.78	

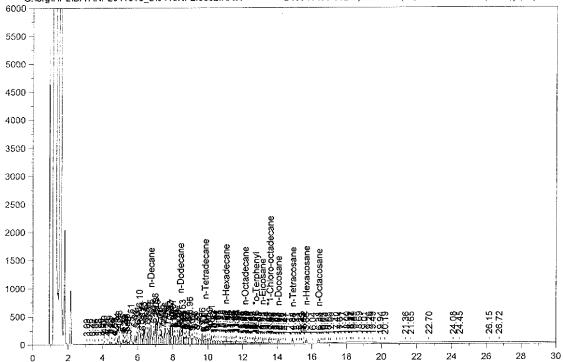
DRO Area:9.564198E+07 TEH Area:1.374387E+08 DRO AMOUNT: 3.24894

TEH AMOUNT: 4.668765



TP 24-3 MW-2 G:\org\HP2\DAT\HP2041610_b\0416HP2.0082.RAW

Batch ID: 45734 B10041458-002A;0416HP2, \$HC-DRO-API-W, V82,(1,50)



DIESEL RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM

Sample Name: B10041458-002A ;0416HP2 , \$HC-DRO-API-W, V82 ,(1,50)

Raw File: G:\org\HP2\DAT\HP2041610_b\0416HP2.0082.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/20/2010 8:23:59 PM Method File: G:\Org\HP2\Methods\DR000JR%.met Calibration File: G:\Org\HP2\Cals\DR090427JR.CAL

Sample Weight: 1000

Dilution: 50

S.A.: 1

Mean RF for Total Extractable Hydrocarbons: 29998.05

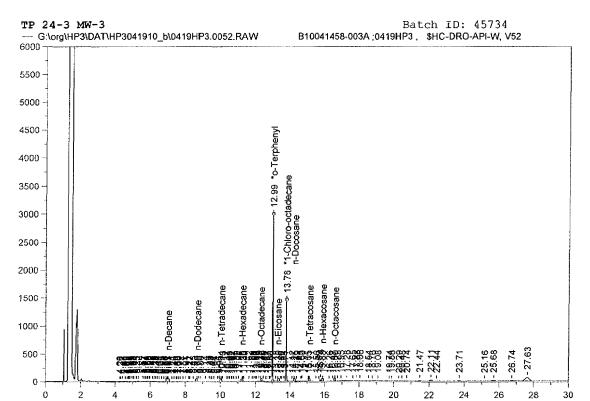
Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.67 to 16.44

SURROGATE COMPOUND	RT	ACTUAL	MEASURED	%REC	
*o-Terphenyl	12.757	.2	.303	151.74	-
*1-Chloro-octadecane	13.565	. 2	.191	95.39	_

DRO Area:3.534394E+07 DI TEH Area:4.789469E+07 TI

DRO AMOUNT: 58.91039 TEH AMOUNT: 79.82966





DIESEL RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM

Sample Name: B10041458-003A;0419HP3, \$HC-DRO-API-W, V52

Raw File: G:\org\HP3\DAT\HP3041910_b\0419HP3.0052.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 4:09:07 PM Method File: G:\Org\HP3\Methods\DR000AE%.met Calibration File: G:\Org\HP3\Cals\DR100112AE.CAL

Sample Weight: 1000

Dilution: 1

S.A.: 1

Mean RF for Total Extractable Hydrocarbons: 29437.91

Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.91 to 16.652

SURROGATE COMPOUND	RT	ACTUAL	MEASURED	%REC	
*o-Terphenyl	12.987	.2	. 155	77.64	-
*1-Chloro-octadecane	13.785	.2	.112	55.88	_

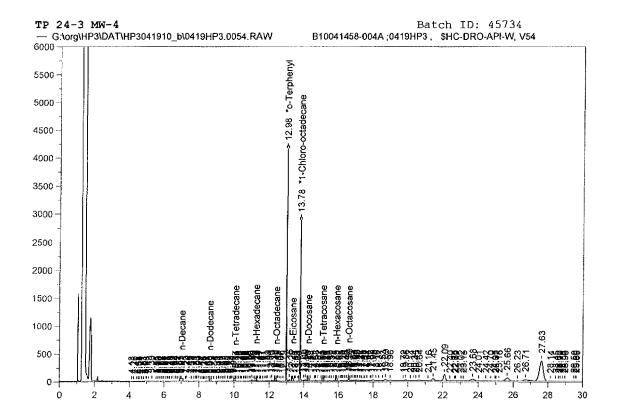
DRO Area:457452.9

DRO AMOUNT: 1.553959E-02

TEH Area:2078095

TEH AMOUNT: 7.059247E-02





DIESEL RANGE ORGANICS CHROMATOGRAM

Sample Name: B10041458-004A;0419HP3, \$HC-DRO-API-W, V54

Raw File: G:\org\HP3\DAT\HP3041910 b\0419HP3.0054.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 6:16:52 PM Method File: G:\Org\HP3\Methods\D3000AE%.met Calibration File: G:\Org\HP3\Cals\DR100112AE.CAL

Sample Weight: 1000

Dilution: 1

S.A.: 1

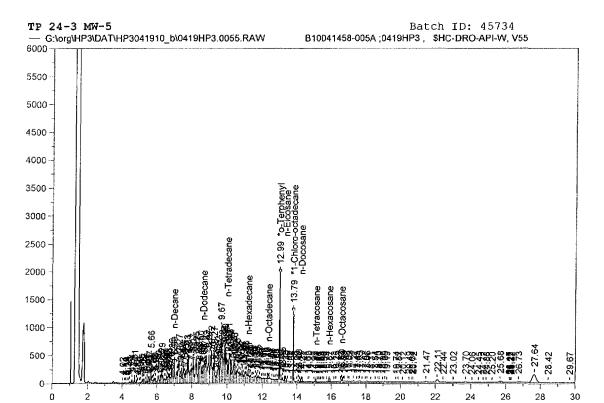
Mean RF for Total Extractable Hydrocarbons: 29437.91

Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.91 to 16.652

SURROGATE COMPOUND	RT	ACTUAL	MEASURED	%REC	
*o-Terphenyl	12.982	. 2	.215	107.33	-
*1-Chloro-octadecane	13.78	.2	.217	108.7	_

DRO Area:3433152 DRO AMOUNT: 0.1166235 TEH Area:1.787237E+07 TEH AMOUNT: 0.6071209





Sample Name: B10041458-005A ;0419HP3 , \$HC-DRO-API-W, V55

Raw File: G:\org\HP3\DAT\HP3041910 b\0419HP3.0055.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 7:11:07 PM Method File: G:\Org\HP3\Methods\D3000AE%.met Calibration File: G:\Org\HP3\Cals\DR100112AE.CAL

Sample Weight: 1000

Dilution: 1

S.A.: 1

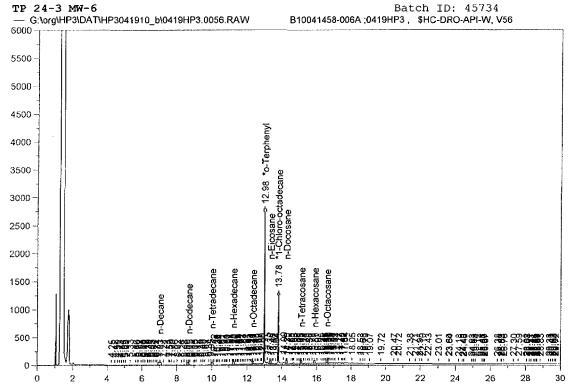
Mean RF for Total Extractable Hydrocarbons: 29437.91

Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.91 to 16.652

SURROGATE COMPOUND	RT	ACTUAL	MEASURED	%REC	
*o-Terphenyl	12.985	.2	.109	54.32	-
*1-Chloro-octadecane	13.788	.2	.099	49.48	_

DRO Area:7.629355E+07 DRO AMOUNT: 2.591677
TEH Area:9.560348E+07 TEH AMOUNT: 3.247632





Sample Name: B10041458-006A ;0419HP3 , \$HC-DRO-API-W, V56

Raw File: G:\org\HP3\DAT\HP3041910_b\0419HP3.0056.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 8:05:31 PM Method File: G:\Org\HP3\Methods\DR041956AE%.met Calibration File: G:\Org\HP3\Cals\DR100112AE.CAL

Sample Weight: 1000

Dilution: 1

S.A.: 1

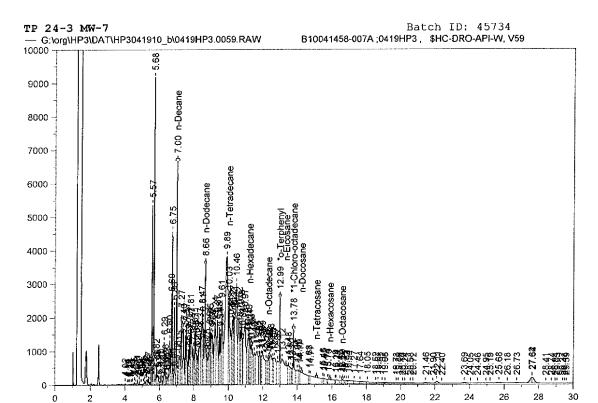
Mean RF for Total Extractable Hydrocarbons: 29437.91

Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.91 to 16.652

SURROGATE COMPOUND	RТ	ACTUAL	MEASURED	%REC	
*o-Terphenyl	12.98	.2	.152	75.99	_
*1-Chloro-octadecane	13.778	.2	.12	59,97	_

DRO Area:6225639 DRO AMOUNT: 0.2114837
TEH Area:1.366457E+07 TEH AMOUNT: 0.4641829





Sample Name: B10041458-007A;0419HP3, \$HC-DRO-API-W, V59

Raw File: G:\org\HP3\DAT\HP3041910_b\0419HP3.0059.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/21/2010 10:49:28 PM Method File: G:\Org\HP3\Methods\DR041959AE%.met Calibration File: G:\Org\HP3\Cals\DR100112AE.CAL

Sample Weight: 1000

Dilution: 1

S.A.: 1

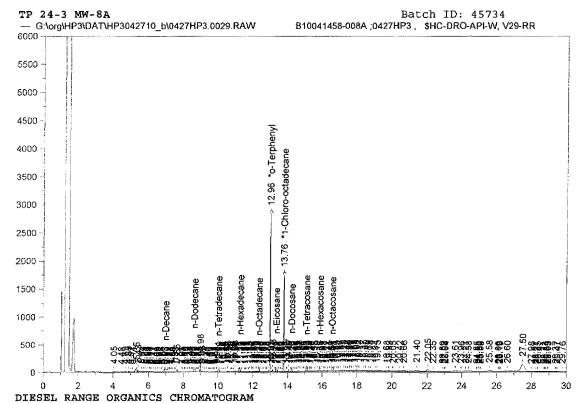
Mean RF for Total Extractable Hydrocarbons: 29437.91

Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.91 to 16.652

SURROGATE COMPOUND	RT	ACTUAL	MEASURED	%REC	
*o-Terphenyl	_12.989	.2	.197	98.52	-
*1-Chloro-octadecane	_13.783	. 2	.261	130.68	-

DRO Area:4.961249E+08 DRO AMOUNT: 16.85327
TEH Area:5.786271E+08 TEH AMOUNT: 19.65585





Sample Name: B10041458-008A ;0427HP3 , \$HC-DRO-API-W, V29-RR

Raw File: G:\org\HP3\DAT\HP3042710_b\0427HP3.0029.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/28/2010 5:42:38 PM Method File: G:\Org\HP3\Methods\D3000AE%.met Calibration File: G:\Org\HP3\Cals\DR100112AE.CAL

Sample Weight: 1000 Dilution: 1 S.A.: 1

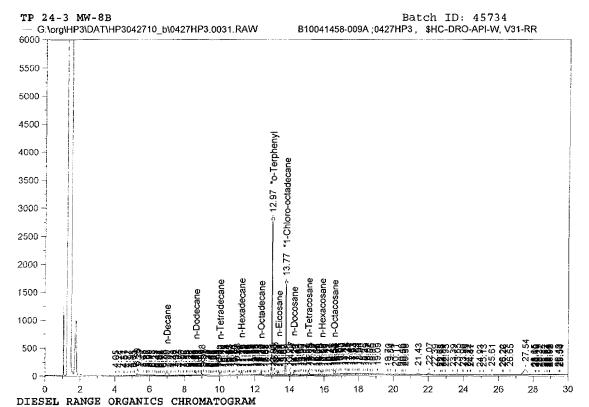
Mean RF for Total Extractable Hydrocarbons: 29437.91

Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.91 to 16.652

SURROGATE COMPOUND	RT	ACTUAL	MEASURED	%REC	
*o-Terphenyl	_12.963	. 2	.141	70.38	-
*1-Chloro-octadecane	_13.761	. 2	.126	63.17	-

DRO Area:3569690 DRO AMOUNT: 0.1212617
TEH Area:1.391138E+07 TEH AMOUNT: 0.472567





Sample Name: B10041458-009A ;0427HP3 ,

\$HC-DRO-API-W, V31-RR

Raw File: G:\org\HP3\DAT\HP3042710_b\0427HP3.0031.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 4/28/2010 7:32:50 PM Method File: G:\Org\HP3\Methods\D3000AE%.met Calibration File: G:\Org\HP3\Cals\DR100112AE.CAL

Sample Weight: 1000

Dilution: 1

S.A.: 1

Mean RF for Total Extractable Hydrocarbons: 29437.91

Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.91 to 16.652

SURROGATE COMPOUND	RT	ACTUAL	MEASURED	%REC	
*o-Terphenyl	12.97	. 2	.14	69.94	-
*1-Chloro-octadecane	13.768	. 2	.123	61.63	

DRO Area:4110206

DRO AMOUNT: 0.1396229

TEH Area:1.469718E+07 TEH AMOUNT: 0.4992604

Shipping container/cooler in good condition?	Yes	No
Custody seals intact on shipping container/cooler?	Yes	No
Custody seals intact on sample bottles?	Yes	No
Chain of custody present?	Yes	No
Chain of custody signed when relinquished and received?	Yes	No
Chain of custody agrees with sample labels?	Yes	No
Samples in proper container/bottle?	Yes	No
Sample containers intact?	Yes	No
Sufficient sample volume for indicated test?	Yes	No
All samples received within holding time?	Yes	No
Container/Temp Blank temperature:		
Water - VOA vials have zero headspace?	Yes	No
Water - pH acceptable upon receipt?	Yes	No

Company Name:					h information		Samp	le Origin		tate Compliance:
ENCANA O: 1 & Gas (USA) I	nc				-3 (VRP)		State:		Yes [
Report Mail Address:		Contact Nan		Phone/Fax:			Email			er: (Please Print)
		Mike L	arson	406 57	9 8585	mlai	son (akcherny con).	Matelyal
Invoice Address Po Box 1177 Proverton WY 9250	ol	Invoice Con	tact & Phone:				Purch	ase Order:	Quote/	Bottle Order:
Special Report/Formats:		≥	ANALYS	SIS REQU	ESTED			Contact ELI prior RUSH sample su		LIPS GE Cooler ID(s):
		Number of Containers sample Type: A W S V B O DW Air Water Solis/Solids Vegetation Bloassay Other DW - Drinking Water			ED	(TAT)	R	for charges and scheduling – See Instruction Page		Cooler ID(s):
□ DW □ EDD/EDT(Elect □ POTW/WWTP Format: □ State: □ LEVEL IV □ Other: □ NELAC	tronic Data)	er of Con be: A W S ater Solls on Bloass Drinking V	Japio		ATTACHED	Standard Turnaround (TAT)	υ	Comments:	ميد	Receipt Temp
State: LEVEL IV Other: NELAC	o Naith	Numb Sample Typ Air W Vegetati Dw - I	poti/e		SEE AT	tard Turi	S	Thanks!	~/	On Ice: (Custody Seal On Bottle Y
SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION Collection	Collection	o,	See be		l l w	Stand	Н	Please call Mike Larse		On Cooler On Intact Signature
(Name, Location, Interval, etc.) Date	Time	9w	8			X		for invoice	U)	Match 41458
2 -2	14:00							Purchase of	der	TIM
3 -3 1	3:20							info		
1 -4 1	14:30							# DRO + GRO	by	<u> </u>
5 -5	12:30	∤						API method	el .	
6 -6	12:00	γ						per project		3 00
	5:00							history (ok	4	AT
	15:45							Mynn)		
10 TB TS0246 3-29-10 1	5:59	7	4			1		4	01(0)	18 C
-27 +CA741- 2-2010		<u> </u>								
Custody Relinquished by (print): Date/Time	4-10/17	:15 Signs	the Ki	Received	t by (print):	D	ate/Time:		Signati	ure;

In certain circumstances, samples submitted to Energy Laboratories, Inc. may be subcontracted to other certified laboratories in order to complete the analysis requested.

This serves as notice of this possibility. All sub-contract data will be clearly notated on your analytical report.

Visit our web site at www.energylab.com for additional information, downloadable fee schedule, forms, and links

Corrosive Chemicals: Nitric, Sulfuric, Phosphoric, Hydrochloric Acids and Sodium Hydroxide. Zinc Acetate is a skin irritent.



BOTTLE ORDER 39787



SHIPPED TO: KC H	larvey I	nc	anning a serior promise ou programme sprephise sections. As to the contract of the contract of	ration organization of	والمستحد والمراوي والمراوي المراوية والمراوية والمراوية والمراوية والمراوية والمراوية والمراوية والمراوية والم	es yn i llewerae yn yn llene i raenne fan ei fer i'r ei llen ei fer en y de Metryanne Mantae.	second and it is a fine of the
Contact: Shane	***************************************	bleatic in manage conserva-	and the second s	44 25W 1 CC4 50 Mars	THE I STATE AND A PARTY OF A 12 SECTION OF STATE	Order Created by: gmccartney	A 10 MART 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
376 Gallatin Park	Drive						
Bozeman MT 57	7915					Ship Date: 4/6/2010	
Phone:						VIA: Ground	
Project:							
	Bottles Per			Critical Hold			Num of
Bottle Size/Type	Samp	Method	Tests	Time	Preservative	Notes	Samp
		In Manage	Jacob Marie Daniel District				- 05
40 mL Clear Glass VOA	3	SW8260B	8260-Volatile Organic Compounds-Short List		HCL		25
1 Liter Amber Glass Narrow Mouth	2	SW8015B	Diesel Range Organics]	H2SO4		25
40 mL Clear Glass VOA	3	SW8015B	Gasoline Range Organics	T	HCL		25
Comments If you need the VOC-8260) with a d	ifferent anal	yte list that short, please let us know.				
HNO3 - Nitric Acid	H H:	2SO4 - Sulfu	ıric Acid NaOH - Sodium Hydroxide			gest that the samples are ship	ped
ZnAc - Zinc Acetate	H H	Cl - Hydroch	loric Acid H3PO4 - Phosphoric Acid		the same day as	they are collected.	
Material Safety Data She	ets(MSI	OS) Availabl	e @ EnergyLab.com ->Services -> MSDS	Sheets			

Subcontracting of sample analyses to an outside laboratory may be required. If so, Energy Laboratories will utilize its branch laboratories or qualified contract laboratories for this service. Any such laboratories will be indicated within the Laboratory Analytical Report.

Helena, MT 877-472-0711 * Billings, MT 800-735-4489 * Casper, WY 888-235-0515 Gillette, WY 866-686-7175 * Rapid City, SD 888-672-1225 * College Station, TX 888-690-2218

ANALYTICAL

SUMMARY

REPORT

June 23, 2010

Encana il and Gas USA 462 S Federal

Riverton, W 82501-4732

Norkorder No.: C10060614

Project Name: Pavillion VRP Site 24-3

Energy Laboratories, Inc. received the following 2 samples for Encana 0il and Gas USA on 6/16/2010 for analysis.

Sample II	Client Sample II	Collect late Receive late	∥a trix	Test
C10060614-001	24-3 MW-9	06/15/10 12:30 06/16/10	Aqueous	1664 Prep Code Liquid-Liquid Extraction Diesel Range Organics Gasoline Range Organics E16644 Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons SW260B WCs, BTEX
C10060614-002	Trip Blank	06/15/10 12:30 06/16/10	Aqueous	S#260B WCs, BTEX

This report was prepared by Energy Laboratories, Inc.,2333 Salt Creek Hwy., Casper, IT 82601. Any exceptions or problems with the analyses are noted in the Laboratory Analytical Report, the QH/QC Summary Report, or the Case Narrative.

The results as reported relate only to the item(s) submitted for testing.

If you have any questions regarding these test results, please call.

Report Approved By:

Helena, MT 877-472-0711 * Billings, MT 800-735-4489 * Casper, WY 888-235-0515 Gillette, WY 866-686-7175 * Rapid City, SD 888-672-1225 * College Station, TX 888-690-2218

REPORT

ENERGY (S)

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL

Client: Encana 0il and Gas USA

Project: Pavillion VRP Site 24-3

Lab ID: C10060614-001
Client Sample ID: 24-3 MN-9

 Report
 Date:
 06/23/10

 Collection
 Date:
 06/15/10
 12:30

 DateReceived:
 06/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

Inalyses	lesult	Unita	Ovalifiana	5)	NCL/ QCL Nethod	Analysis Date / By
Midiyses	nesuit	Units	Qualifiers	RL	QCL Retillou	Midiysis vale / by
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS						
Benzene	ND	ug/L		1. 0	S#8260	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L		1. 0	S#8260I	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L		1. 0	S#8260E	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L		1. 0	S#8260F	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1. 0	S#8260I	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L		1. 0	S#8260F	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
Surr: 1,2-0ichlorobenzene-d4	105	NREC		80-120	S#8260	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	112	%REC		70-130	S18260	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	114	%REC		80-120	S#8260	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
Surr: Toluene-d8	102	%REC		80-120	S#8260I	3 06/21/10 19:16 / jlr
ORGANIC CHARACTERISTICS						
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	mg/L		1. 0	S#8015E	3 06/21/10 23:42 / bah
Surr: o-Terphenyl	39. O	\REC	S	50-150	S#8015E	3 06/21/10 23:42 / bah
Gasoline Range (rganics (GR))	ND	mg/L		0. 040	S#8015E	3 06/17/10 22:36 / mlf
Surr: Trifluorotoluene	100	NREC		70-130	S#8015E	3 06/17/10 22:36 / mlf
Non-polar Materials (SGT-HEM)	ND	mg/L		5. 1	E1664A	06/17/10 09:22 / ph

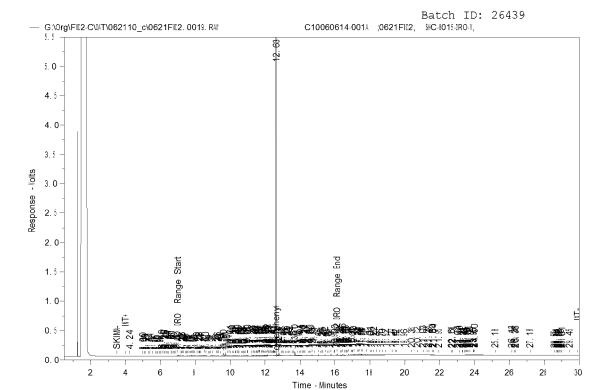
Report Refinitions: RL - Analyte reporting limit. QCL - Quality control limit.

S - Spike recovery outside of advisory limits.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level.

ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.





Sample Name: C10060614-001A ;0621FID2, \$HC-8015-DRO-W, Raw File: G:\Org\FID2-C\DAT\062110_c\0621FID2.0019.RAW

Date & Time Acquired: 6/21/2010 23:42:54

Method File: G:\org\FID2-C\Methods\FID2 BASE CAL 050510 R1.met

Calibration File: G:\org\FID2-C\Cals\FID2_050510_R1.CAL Sample Weight: 984 Dilution: 1 S.A.:

Mean RF for Hydrocarbon Range Calculations: 26471.92

Rt range for Diesel Range Organics (C10 to C28): 6.9 to 16.21 Rt range for Oil Range Organics (C28 to C40+): 16.07 to End Time

SURROGATE COMPOUND RT ACTUAL MEASURED %REC *o-Terphenyl 12.63 2.033 .79 38.87

DRO Area:1960499 DRO AMOUNT: 7.526378E-02
TEH Area:3842986 TEH AMOUNT: 0.1475327
Oil Area:1858725 OIL AMOUNT: 7.135668E-02

Helena, MT 877-472-0711 * Billings, MT 800-735-4489 * Casper, WY 868-235-0515 Gillette, WY 866-686-7175 * Rapid City, SD 888-672-1225 * College Station, TX 888-690-2218

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT

Client: Encana Oil and Gas USA Project: Pavillion VRP Site 24-3

Lab ID: C10060614-002
Client Sample ID: Trip Blank

 Report
 Date:
 06/23/10

 Collection
 Date:
 06/15/10
 12:30

 DateReceived:
 06/16/10

Matrix: Aqueous

inalyses	Result	Units	Qualifiers	RL	IICL/ QCL	lethod	Analysis Date / E	Зу
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS								
Benzene	ND	ug/L		1.0		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	
Ethylbenzene	ND	ug/L		1. 0		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	
m+p-Xylenes	ND	ug/L		1. 0		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	
o-Xylene	ND	ug/L		1.0		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	
Toluene	ND	ug/L		1.0		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	
Xylenes, Total	ND	ug/L		1. 0		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	
Surr: 1,2-lichlorobenzene-d4	108	%REC	1	80-120		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	104	%REC		70-130		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene	122	%REC	S	80-120		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	
Surr: Toluene-d8	101	%REC		80-120		S#8260B	06/21/10 19:52 / jlr	

Report Refinitions: RL - Analyte reporting limit. QCL - Quality control limit.

S - Spike recovery outside of advisory limits.

MCL - Maximum contaminant level.

ND - Not detected at the reporting limit.



QA/QC Summary Report

 Client:
 Encana (il) and Gas USA
 Report (late: 06/23/10)

 Project:
 Pavillion (VRP) Site 24-3
 Work (order: C10060614)

Analyte	Count Result	Units	RL	\REC	Low Limit High	Limit	RPD	RPLimit	Qual
Method: E1664A								Batch	: 26420
Sample I0: C10060696-0010MS	Sample Matrix	Spike			Run: 0G_BAL1-C_	1006174		06/17/10	09:22
Non-polar Materials (SGT-HEM)	14	mg/L	5. O	68	64	132			
Sample I0: C10060596-0010MS0	Sample Matrix	Spike Juplicate			Run: 0G_BAL1-C_1	100617A		06/17/10	09:22
Non-polar Materials (SGT-HEM)	14	mg/L	5. O	71	64	132	4. 6	34	
Sample ID: MBLK1_100617A	Method Blank				Run: 0G_BAL1-C_	100617A		06/17/10	09:10
Non-polar Materials (SGT-HEM)	ND	mg/L	5. O						
Sample I0: LCS1_100617A	Laboratory Co	ontrol Sample			Run: @G_BAL1-C_	100617A		06/17/10	09:10
Non-polar Materials (SGT-HEM)	15	mg/L	5. O	73	64	132			
Sample ID: LCSD_100617A	Laboratory Co	ontrol Sample luplica	ate		Run: 0G_BAL1-C_1	100617A		06/17/10	00:00
Non-polar Materials (SGT-HEM)	17	mg/L	5. O	86	64	132	16	34	

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.



QA/QC Summary Report

 Client:
 Encana (ii) and Gas USA
 Report (ate: 06/23/10)

 Project:
 Pavillion (VRP) Site 24-3
 Work (order: C10060614)

Analyte	Count Resu	It Units	RL	\REC	Low Limit Hi	gh Limit	RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Method: S#8016B								Ba	atch: 26439
Sample I0: MB-26439	2 Method Bla	ank			Run: FI02-C_10	00621A		06/2	1/10 11:20
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	N	□ mg/L	1. 0						
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0. 20	79	5 O	150			
Sample I0: LCS-26439	2 Laboratory	Control Sample			Run: FID2-C_10	D0621A		06/2	1/10 12:07
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	16	6. 0 mg/L	1. 0	80	60	140			
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0. 20	83	5 O	150			
Sample ID: LCSD-26439	2 Laboratory	Control Sample	uplicate		Run: FI02-C_10	00621A		06/2	1/10 12:53
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	16	5. 9 mg/L	1.0	84	60	140	5.3	20	
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0. 20	90	5 O	150			
Sample I0: C10060678-001BMS	2 Sample Ma	trix Spike			Run: FI02-C_10	00621A		06/2	1/10 14:26
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	18	. 4 mg/L	1.0	78	60	140			
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0. 21	6 3	5 O	150			
Sample ID: C10060678-001BMSD	2 Sample Ma	trix Spike luplicat	te		Run: FID2-C_10	D 0621 Å		06/2	1/10 15:12
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	17	. 5 mg/L	1.0	76	60	140	4.9	20	
Surr: o-Terphenyl			0. 21	53	5 O	150			
Method: SW8016B								Batch	n: R133981
Sample ID: LCS_0617#9107r	2 Laboratory	Control Sample			Run: PIDELCD1-C	C_100617A		06/1	7/10 13:36
Total Furgeable Hydrocarbons	0. 2	208 mg/L	0. 020	104	70	130			
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			0. 0020	99	70	130			
Sample ID: MBLK_0617HP108r	3 Method Bla	ank			Run: PIDELCD1-C	C_100617A		06/1	7/10 14:12
Gasoline Range (rganics (GR))	N	l mg/L	0. 020						
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	N	ng/L	0. 020						
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			0. 0020	103	70	130			
Sample ID: C10060614-001CMS	2 Sample Ma	trix Spike			Run: PIDELCD1-C	C_100617A		06/1	7/10 23:13
Total Furgeable Hydrocarbons	3. 1	96 mg/L	0. 40	99	70	130			
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			0. 040	102	70	130			
Sample ID: C10060614-001CMSD	2 Sample Ma	trix Spike Iuplicat	te		Run: PIDELCD1-C	C_100617A		06/1	7/10 23:49
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	4.	16 mg/L	0. 40	104	70	130	4.8	20	
Surr: Trifluorotoluene			0. 040	103	70	130			

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace$ - $\ensuremath{\mathbb{$



QA/QC Summary Report

 Client:
 Encana (ii) and Gas USA
 Report (ate: 06/23/10)

 Project:
 Pavillion (VR) Site 24-3
 Work (order: C10060614)

Analyte	Count	Result	Units	RL	REC	Low Limit	High Limit	RPD	RPLimit	Qual
Method: S#8260B									Batch	n: R134105
Sample I0: 21-Jun-10_LCS_3	10 Lat	oratory Cor	ntrol Sample			Run: 597500C	1_1006214		06/2	1/10 12:41
Benzene		11	ug/L	1. 0	110	70	130			
Ethylbenzene		11	ug/L	1. 0	112	70	130			
m+p-Xylenes		24	ug/L	1.0	118	70	130			
o-Xylene		12	ug/L	1. 0	120	70	130			
Toluene		12	ug/L	1.0	117	70	130			
Xylenes, Total		36	ug/L	1. 0	119	70	130			
Surr: 1,2-lichlorobenzene-d4				1. 0	98	80	120			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane				1. 0	96	70	130			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene				1. 0	109	80	120			
Surr: Toluene-d8				1. 0	107	8 O	120			
Sample I0: 21-Jun-10_MBLK_6	10 Met	hod Blank				Run: 5975\0C	1_100621A		06/2	1/10 14:28
Benzene		ND	ug/L	1.0						
Ethylbenzene		ND	ug/L	1. 0						
m+p-Xylenes		ND	ug/L	1. 0						
o-Xylene		ND	ug/L	1. 0						
Toluene		ND	ug/L	1. 0						
Xylenes, Total		ND	ug/L	1. 0						
Surr: 1,2-lichlorobenzene-d4				1. 0	106	80	120			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane				1.0	100	70	130			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene				1.0	118	80	120			
Surr: Toluene-d8				1. 0	100	80	120			
Sample I0: C10060661-007BMS	10 Sa	mple Matrix	Spike			Run: 5975V0C	1_1006214		06/2	1/10 21:04
Benzene		68	ug/L	5. O	109	70	130			
Ethylbenzene		52	ug/L	5. O	104	70	130			
m+p-Xylenes		110	ug/L	5. O	109	70	130			
o-Xylene		57	ug/L	5. O	113	70	130			
Toluene		55	ug/L	5. O	110	70	130			
Xylenes, Total		170	ug/L	5. O	110	70	130			
Surr: 1,2-lichlorobenzene-d4				1.0	101	80	120			
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane				1.0	98	70	130			
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene				1.0	112	80	120			
Surr: Toluene-d8				1. 0	110	80	120			
Sample I0: C10060661-007BMS0	10 Sa	mple Matrix	Spike <code>[uplicate]</code>			Run: 5975\0C	1_1006214		06/2	1/10 21:39
Benzene		68	ug/L	5. O	109	70	130	0		
Ethylbenzene		53	ug/L	5. O	106	70	130	1.9		
m+p-Xylenes		110	ug/L	5. O	111	70	130	2. 1		
o-Xylene		58	ug/L	5. O	117	70	130	3. 1		
Toluene		56	ug/L	5. O	111	70	130	0.7		
Xylenes, Total		170	ug/L	5. O	113	70	130	2. 5		
Surr: 1,2-lichlorobenzene-d4				1. 0	103	80	120	0		
Surr: libromofluoromethane				1. 0	97	70	130	0		
Surr: p-Bromofluorobenzene				1. 0	112	80	120	0		
Surr: Toluene-d8				1. 0	108	80	120	0	10	

Qualifiers:

RL - Analyte reporting limit.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}\xspace$ - $\ensuremath{\mathbb{$

Shipping container/cooler in good condition? Yes Custody seals intact on shipping container/cooler? Yes Custody seals intact on sample bottles? Yes Chain of custody present? Yes Chain of custody signed when relinquished and received? Yes Chain of custody agrees with sample labels?

Samples in proper container/bottle?

Sample containers intact?

Sufficient sample volume for indicated test?

All samples received within holding time?

Container/Temp Blank temperature:

Water - VOA vials have zero headspace?

Water - pH acceptable upon receipt? Yes

4	LABORATORIES			PLEASE I	PRI	NT	(Provid	le as r	nuch	inforn	nation a	s po				ge of
Ī	Company Name:			Project Nan		-	•						1 .	le Origin	EPA/S	tate Compliance:
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Record

MUST be

Signed

Sample Disposal:

Return to Client:

Lab Disposal:

Signature:

Signature: